Šibenik University of Applied Sciences

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DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS INFORMATICS

UNDERGRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF BUSINESS INFORMATICS

Erasmus+ Course Catalogue Academic year 2024-2025

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Course list

Professor	Component code	Course	ECTS
Livaja I.	140755	Introduction to databases	4
Urem F.	146379	Infromation systems analysis and design	6
Pavelić M.	142638	Object oriented programming	6
Pavelić M.	NC03	Introduction to computer science	4
Milan Hrga	NC04	Programming fundamentals	5
Beljo I.	NC05	Operations research	4
Beljo I.	146563	Financial mathematics	6
Mečev D.	PINF-1	Principles of ecomonics	5
Perišić A.	146563	Mathematics	6
Crnica G.	201304	English for information technology II	3
Crnica G.	202201	English for information technology I	3
Pavelić M.	201307	Computer architecture	5
Urem F.	201315	Business information systems	6
Perišić A.	201321	Business statistics	6
Livaja I.	187581	Protection and security of information Systems	4
Žaja J.	141499	Financial management (IM)	6
Vukičević A.	NC06	Business organization (IM)	4

Full Course Curriculums

1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course lecturer	Ivan Livaja	1.8. Course code in ISVU	140755
1.2. Course title	Introduction to databases	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG	
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate Professional Study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2
1.6. Year of study	2 st	1.13.Modernization	Yes
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X□ More than 20 % □
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	 Adopting and expanding knowledge, techni Relational Database Destriction Database Managment Create an Entity Relatio Adopting knowledge, techniques for 	niques for working with databases esign conship Diagram I language or working with databases to train students to understand database development in business pr	process design so that they can independently
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences		ed; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO2: to define and evaluate process LO3: to evaluate database design ac	ss of thinking, planning, decision making and management in terms o	of electronically supported business and production

	I O14	5: to compare and select appropriate devices	lanmant too	la at a professional level					
	LO15: to compare and select appropriate development tools at a professional level								
LO16: to valorize elevant factors that affect organization's and individual's business and apply basic methods and concepts of planning, manage									
	LO19	9: to conclude what the basic principles and methods of good project management are and work successfully in a team							
	Lear	ning outcomes accroding to the Bloom's	s taxonomy:	(up to two verbs per LO)			embering, erstanding, ication, esis, uation,		
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level		Classify and explain common features, si communication technologies, and database			relevant information and		2, 4		
		mplement database implementation proc					3		
		Describe and make a diagram of the relat		•			1, 4		
		Propose and argue proposals for the appli					5, 6		
		Present the acquired knowledge, ideas, pr			6				
	6. l	6. Use materials and tools to search scientific and professional literature in native and English languages 3							
	Cons	Constructive allignement							
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time		
	1.	Introduction (history, DBMS solution overview)	-	Listen to lectures. Work independently on computer, get to know course content and elearning documents.	-		9 h		
2.5. Course content according to	2.	Introduction to SQL Language	2, 3	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exambasic concepts of databases.	n define the	6 h		
detailed curriculum schedule	3.	Introduction to SQL Language	15	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exambasic concepts of databases.		6 h		
	4.	Reational model and data normalization	16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam define the basic concepts of databases. They are analyze databases.		9 h		
	5.	Reational model and data normalization	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exan basic concepts of databases. Analyze and data normalization and relational model.	l apply	9h		
	6.	Data Modeling Using Entity Relationship Model	3, 15, 16, 19	Write the colloquium.	-		8 h		

7.	Data Modeling Using Entity Relationship Model	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam define the basic concepts of databases. They model the data by using E-R models.	9 h	
8.	SQL commands for creating and editing a database	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam define the basic concepts of databases. They model the data by using E-R models.	9 h	
9.	SQL Data Objects	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam define the basic concepts of databases. They create a database and make changes to the data within it.	7 h	
10.	Relational database management system	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, they can define and use development environments for working with databases.	7 h	
11.	CASE tools and development environments for working in databases - Visual Studio	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, they can define and use development environments for working with databases.	7 h	
12.	CASE tools and development environments for working in databases - Visual Studio	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, they can define and use development environments for working with databases.	8 h	
13.	CASE tools and development environments for working in databases - Visual Studio	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, they can define and use development environments for working with databases.	8 h	
14.	Introduction to XML	3, 15, 16, 19	Write the colloquium.	-	9 h	
15.	Defense and presentation of the seminar, recurrence of colloquia		Listen to lectures and read literature.	-	9 h	

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students' obligations

In accordance with the Regulations on Studying and the Regulations on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students attendance of at least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend classes at least 50%. All students are required to carry calculator and formulae list. Students who have during the course achieved:

- from 0 24,9% ECTS credits- are rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot obtain ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic year;
- from 25 49,9% are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;
- $\bullet \quad$ more than 50% students have the right to take the final exam.

Students cantake the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course ofteaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (written and or alpart of the exam).

3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)

r	Attendance	1,0	Written exam	2,0 (without colloquia)	Project		!
	Experimental work		Research		Practical work		ļ
	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	0,5]

	Colloquium	2,0 (exan	without written	Semina	ar paper			Other		
	Class activity			Oral ex	cam	0,5		Other		
3.3. Student workload	3.3. Student workload Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as: 1. Attending classes and exercises 45 hours 2. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 75 hours									
4. GRADING SYSTEM										
4.1. Grading seminar papers										
	Uı	nsatisfacto	ry		Satisfactory			Abo	ve average	
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples.			Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples.		content of the material, and logically connects and explains the			noroughly explains the nects and explains the ples. Finds solutions that	
			70-74.9% of attendance 75-79.9% of atte		ttendance	80-89.9% of attendance		90-	100% of attendance	
	Active course attendance		2 poin		5 poin		10 pc			20 points
			2		3	3				5
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	Colloquia/ Writte	en exam	50-64,9	9%	65-79,9%		80-89,9%			90-100%
evaluation elements				nts	30 points		35 points			40 points
	Oral exam		2		3		5			5
	Grai exam		25 poi	nts	30 poi	nts	35 pc	oints		40 points
40.77		knowle	age of acquired edge, skills and es (teaching + final exam)		rical grade	ECTS §	grade			
4.3. Final grade according to absolute division			0 – 100% 0 – 89,9%		xcellent) ery good)	A B				
		60	5 – 79,9% 0 – 64,9% 0 – 59,9%	3 (good) 2 (satisfactory) 2 (satisfactory)		C D E				

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFORMATION								
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
(available in the library and via	An Introduction to Database Systems, 8th Edition; C.J. Date; Addison Wesley	7						
other media)		5						
	Teaching material and exercises							
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	A First Course in Database Systems; J. D. Ullman, J. Widom; Prentice-Hall; 2007; ISBN: 9780136006374							
	Database Systems: A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation, and Management; T. M. Connolly, C. E. Begg; Addison Wesley; 2004							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensure of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through s for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.	hort colloquiums and hon ents will be informed ab	nework, information bout their rights and					
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions ar class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which we than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	the website of the Polyte ad explanations they can	echnic. Students can be contacted during					

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Information systems analysis and design	1.8. ISVU course code	146379				
1.2. Lecturer	Frane Urem PhD prof	1.9. MOZVAG course code					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	^{3rd} – materials available On-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.				
1.6. Study year	3	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %				

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
	Acquiring knowledge in logical design and analysis of information systems (IS). To equip students for independent and team work in the
2.1. Course objectives	application, methodology, methods and techniques of designing information systems for business organizational systems. By acquiring
	and using course knowledge, students will understand that there is no realization of a real and complex information system without a

	detailed analysis and preparation of a documented project of the information system on the basis of which the developm realization) of the IS is carried out.	ent (physical				
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2					
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	IU9 Select appropriate professional literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare and independently deliver presentations in Croatian and foreign languages to expert and general audiences, and critically evaluate the presented professional topics IU12. Apply key aspects of information technology (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technology)					
	IU15. Compare and select appropriate development tools at expert level					
	IU17. Conclude what are the basic principles and methods of quality project management and work successfully in a team					
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, 6. Synthesis				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	1. Conduct business analysis in a real system in order to obtain the necessary information about the current state of IS	3, 4, 5, 6				
on the course level	2. Break down business functions into elemental processes - perform functional decomposition of a real system	2, 3, 4, 6				
	3. Demonstrate business processes	2, 3, 4, 6				
	4. Describe data flows and data repositories	2, 3, 4, 6				
	5. Create a conceptual data model	2, 3, 4, 6				
	6. Translate the conceptual data model into a relational data model.7. Develop algorithms for obtaining the most important information from the set relational data model	2, 3, 4, 6 2, 3, 4, 6				
	8. Select IT technology resources according to the IS project created	2, 3, 4, 6				
	9. Estimate the cost of a new (engineered) IS	2, 3, 4, 6				

	Cons	Constructive alignment								
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
	16.	Introduction to the course and detailed curriculum.	-			2 hours				
	10.	Basic terms	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Basic terms	8 hours				

ı		T.C.	1.2.2	Listanina to loctume available	Describe from stelroholders in building or 4	
	17.	Information system	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Describe key stakeholders in building and using an information system Analyze business needs in building and using an information system	10 hours
					Identify the impact of technological development on the construction and use of information systems	
	18.	Information system	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Interpret a simplified description of information system development Expose different views of stakeholders on parts of the information system	10 hours
	19.	Basics of information systems development methodologies	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Explain Capability Maturity Model for evaluating development quality Identify basic principles in the development of information systems Interpret more important methodologies for developing information systems	10 hours
	20.	Basics of information systems development methodologies	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Explain the methodology of waterfall development Explain the methodology of rapid application development Explain the methodology of information engineering Explain the methodology of the unified development process Expose the most famous agile methodologies and explain their features	10 hours
	21.	Project management	1,2,3,4,5,9	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Analyze project success Identify competencies of project managers	10 hours
	22.	Project management	1,2,3,4,5,9	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify core project management functions Apply project management methods	10 hours
	23.	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Collect information from stakeholders of the information system and identify project requirements Apply requirements determination processes to the system and fact-finding techniques Review existing documentation, forms and database Perform a work environment observation Design questionnaires Interviewing Analyze and model data Identify entities, attributes, keys, connections, foreign keys Apply ERD tagging Use logical matrices in modeling the connections between entities	15 hours

24.	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify special forms of connections: non-specific links, redundant links, recursive links Perform data normalization Use CASE tools in data modeling Model processes Perform system decomposition	15 hours
25.	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Develop a data flow model Interpret the basic settings of object-oriented analysis Design classes and objects Design methods and messages between objects Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams Develop component and layout diagrams Make use cases Develop activity diagrams Develop interaction diagrams Develop state diagrams Develop state diagrams Analyze the feasibility and cost-benefits of system enhancements (operational feasibility, technical and technological feasibility, time feasibility, economic feasibility)	15 hours
26.	System Design	5,6,7,8,9	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Develop your own simple information system solution Analyze procurement of ready-made solutions Identify business management systems To substantiate the decision to procure the finished solution Select the appropriate system architecture	15 hours
27.	System Design	5,6,7,8,9,10	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Describe distributed systems Explain architectures with clients and servers Explain network architectures Explain web architecture	15 hours
28.	System Design	5,6,7,8,9,10	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Explain service oriented architectures Design information system security architecture Design a database Design a user interface	15 hours
29.	System design, implementation and maintenance	5,6,7,8,9,10	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Apply standards and recommendations in programming Generate part of the code according to the default specification	15 hours
30.	System design, implementation and maintenance	5,6,7,8,9,10	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Check the correctness of the created program code Provide user documentation and documentation for system maintenance	15 hours

	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper.									
3.1. Students` obligations	Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can take the final exam in the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and exercises and two exams); b) during class (active participation in classes and exercises) and passing exams (written and oral examinations).									
	Attendance	2	Written exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project					
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work	1				
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination					
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)					
	Class activities		Oral exam	1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)					
3.3. Student workload	1. Attending classes 2. Practical work			Hours (estimate) 60 30 90	timated as:					

4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Elem	Valuation Element Poor			r Satisfying				Above average	
		Po	or			Satisfying			Ab	ove average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.			ms new the	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and		
	Active participation in the lessons		70-75% of attendance		76-86% of attendance		87-10	00% of att	endance	Created mental map. Solved case study.
			4 points		7 points		10 points		S	3 points
	Seminar paper		2		3			4		5
4.3. Creating a final grade			5 points			7 points		8 points	1	10 points
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written		2		3		4			5
elements			50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		6	90-100%
	CAULII		25 point	s	30 points		35 points		s	40 points
			2			3		5		5
	Oral exam		25 point	S		30 points		35 points		40 points
4.4. Creating a final grade		knowl	ntage of adopted edge, skills and ces (teaching + final exam)		us grade	ECTS grade				
according to absolute allocation			90 – 100%		rellent)	A				
according to absolute anocation			30 – 89,9% 55 – 79,9%		y good) ood)	B C				
			60 – 64,9%	2 (suf		D				
		5	0-59,9%	2 (suf	ficient)	Е				

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE										
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media							
through other media)	F. Urem, Projektiranje i analiza IS-a, Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2016., ISBN: 978-953-7566-30-2		Available online at e-learning system							
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	J. A. Hoffer, J. F. George, J. S. Valacich: Modern Systems Analysis and Design, 3/e, Prentice Hall College Div, 2001. Eeles, P.; O. Sims, Building Business Objects. John Wiley & Sons, 1998.	3	Available online at e-learning system							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state Alumni association.	nts will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency							
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or an pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be days from the receipt of e-mail).	per week), while brief question	s and explanations can							

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Title	Object oriented programming	1.8. ISVU course code	142638						
1.2. Lecturer	Marko Pavelić	1.9. MOZVAG course code							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	3rd – materials available On-line, 0%						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.						
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	■ yes □ no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %						

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce the student to the concepts of object-oriented programming
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level									
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 7. Recapture, 8. Understanding, 9. Application, 10. Analysis, 11. Evaluation, 12. Synthesis							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	1. Write a simple program based on object-oriented principles and UML paradigms	3,4,6							
on the course level	2. Select the option of developing applications in object-oriented or procedural programming language	3,4,6							
	3. Organize application parts into classes, interfaces, and packages in accordance with object-oriented programming principles	3,4,6							
	4. Create an object-oriented model of the class hierarchy on which the implementation of the application will be based	4,5, 6							
	5. Self-assess whether more complex classes need to be structured into simpler ones for better modularity	4,6							
	6. Organize the classes so that they use the other application components over other classes								
	7. Manage tools that generate program code with a basic structure based on the graphical model of the classes	3							

	Constructive alignment								
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed			
		Introduction to the course and detailed curriculum.	-			2 hours			
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	31.	Introduction to object-oriented design	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they define the basic concepts in object oriented programming. They describe the role of the object-oriented approach in programming.	8 hours			
	32.	Objects and classes, parts of classes and objects, inheritance with examples	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	They can enumerate parts of the class at the colloquium or the written and oral exam. They create an object-oriented model of the class hierarchy on which the implementation of the application will be based	10 hours			
	33.	Defining links between objects, polymorphism, encapsulation of objects	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they know: To model different behaviors of an object according to the interactions that it must have towards the environment.	10 hours			

				They use a private access modifier on parts of the class. They analyze the effect of different access modifiers. Recognize software development stages and their order They recognize the basic properties of an object and a class. At the midterm or the written and oral exam they	
34.	UML - Introduction, Class Diagrams	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	can define what UML notation is for and list the major UML notations. At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can make a class diagram according to the set use case.	10 hours
35.	UML-Interaction diagrams, Activity diagrams, use of patterns in object-oriented design	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they can make appropriate interaction and activity diagrams according to the set use case.	10 hours
36.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify the main types of variables (boolean, int, double, String). Declare a variable and assign a corresponding value to it. Use variable naming conventions. Differentiate the representation of integers (byte, short, int, long). Differentiate the representation of decimal numbers (float, double). Perform arithmetic operations on different numerical data types. Declare char and String variables. Perform String variables merge. Perform console printing. Take advantage of automatic promotion of data types. Identify situations where an error may occur. Convert data types. Identify situations where an error may occur. Convert occur. Convert String variable to numeric value	10 hours
37.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Design a simple class containing variables and a method for printing the contents of variables. Instance an object from a formatted class. Invoke method from instated object. Design a method that contains input parameters. Pass input arguments to method. Design the method so that it can return the result of the computation. Print the result of the method call.	10 hours
38.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Access the class by specifying the full package name and class. Perform the package import procedure using the import command. Determine which packages do not need to be imported separately. Using the (*) operator when importing packages. Find and view online String class documentation. Invoke the most important methods	15 hours

				of the String class. Compare two String objects by content. Retrieve parts of the String object. Explain the need to use random numbers in programming. Invoke Random-class methods that generate random numbers while controlling the range of values obtained. Use different methods from the Random class for different mathematical calculations. Access the values of mathematical constants from the Math class. Comment on method calls relative to the Random class.	
39.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Declare and initialize the boolean type of the variable. Perform a comparison of the two expressions using relational operators. Use the if and if / else command. Analyze the problem of comparing String objects using relational operators. Use the compare method to compare two String objects. Describe logical operators. Associate multiple logical expressions using logical operators. Use ternary operators to execute if / else block. Use else if command. Create nested block if commands. Create switch block logical branching. Compare switch block with if / else command block. Analyze the use of break commands in the switch block of commands.	15 hours
40.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Analyze the elements of standard for loop. Make for loop. Analyze the reach of a variable used within a loop. Use a debugger tool for loop analysis. Analyze cases where an infinite loop occurs. Create a while loop. Create a do-while loop. Analyze cases where the advantage of using a particular type of loop is observed. Use the break loop to exit the loop. Use the continue command to skip a specific block of commands within a loop. Identify the need to make comments within a loop.	15 hours
41.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Analyze the problem posed and describe it with the classes. Analyze cases of variable reach in different parts of the class. Model class variables and methods by default. Analyze the organization of virtual machine memory when instantiating a new object Access the contents of an object by using an object reference	15 hours

				Analyze different ways of instantiating a String object Demonstrate the importance of initializing variables within a class. Analyze problems that arise with null values of variables. Construct a constructor that initializes the initial values of the variables. Use the keyword this as a reference to an object. Model multiple class constructor versions. Create multiple versions of one method. Define what is the signature of a method. Analyze cases where method overload is not possible. Model the various behaviors of an object according to the interactions it must exert toward the environment. Use the private access modifier on parts of the class. Analyze the effect of different access modifiers. Model "getter" and "setter" methods for the given class. Define the purpose of static variables and show an example of usage. Define the purpose of static methods and show an example of use	
42.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Create and initialize a one-dimensional field. Access and change individual field values. Cross all the elements of the array using for loops.	15 hours
43.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Create an ArrayList object and manage its contents. Cross all list items using the for-each loop. Analyze ways to add simple data types to the list, using wrapper classes Explain the purpose of using exceptions in program code. Manage exceptions using try-catch block Identify common exceptions (attempt to access an object that is not instantiated or a non-existent file) Test an example code that contains errors. Describe three sets of bugs. Identify a bug using a print technique. Identify a bug using the debugger tool.	15 hours
44.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Instance a StringBuilder object. Manage the StringBuilder object. Describe the differences between String and StringBuilder objects. Search for a String object using regular expressions	15 hours

		Programming in C Languages - Synta Architecture		1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures computer, reading li		software solut algorithm. Describe nonl- software solut Develop a soft using finished Program access	r recursion. Develop a simple ion that uses a linear recursion inear recursion. Develop a simple ion that uses nonlinear recursions, tware solution that manages files classes from the .NET directory. It is rights on folders and files. It is rights on folders and files.	
	Arcintecture					Create your o		wn class package and name it ribute the application.	
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK									
In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits - is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can take the final exam in the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and exercises and two									
	exams); b) during class (active participation in classes and exert Attendance 2			passing exams (writter	2 (by submittice colloquiums the relieved of an examination)	ng both he student is	Project		
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work				rch			Practical work	1
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			Repor	t			Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloqu	iium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the stude relieved of a written a oral examination)		ar paper			Other (inscribe)	
	Class ac	ctivities		Oral e	exam	1 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an examination)	ne student is	Other (inscribe)	
3.3. Student workload	The st	udent's workload o	n all bases amounts to	o 1 ECTS po	int for 30 hours of	of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate)			
		 Attending classes Practical work 				60 30			

	6. Prepara	ation for th	ne Colloquium / exam thr	rough self-s	study	90					
4. GRADING											
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Elem	Valuation Element Poor Satisfying Above average							Above average		
		F	Poor			Satisfying			bove average evel of analysis, synthesis and		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know a	and does	no deeper understand not apply the basic ter oly or explain the conte	rms in	new knowledge, u	terms, without difficu nderstands subject matt he notions that subs	er, explains	evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.			
	Active participation	in the	70-75% of atte	endance	76-80	5% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.		
	lessons		4 points	S		7 points		10 points	3 points		
	Saminar napar		2			3		4	5		
3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		5 points	S		7 points		8 points	10 points		
ccording to evaluation			2			3		4	5		
elements	Colloquium / writte exam	en	50-64,9%	%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%		
			25 point	ts		30 points		35 points	40 points		
	Oral exam		2			3		5	5		
	Oral exam		25 point	ts		30 points		35 points	40 points		
4.4. Creating a final grade		kno	centage of adopted wledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)		merous grade	ECTS grade			'		
-			90 – 100% 80 – 89,9%		(excellent) (very good)	A B					

	65 – 79,9%	3 (good)	С			
	60 – 64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D			
	50 – 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	Е			
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT THE COURSE					
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
through other media)	F.Urem "Uvod u objektno orijentirano progr 978-953-7566-20-3.		Available online at e-learning system			
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Booch, Grady, Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, Addison-Wesley, 1997. P. Eeles, O. Sims, Building Business Objects. John Wiley & Sons, 1998. Availage-lear					
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.					
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform abore pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytech be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask question days from the receipt of e-mail).	hnic. Students can contact the teacher	ers during the consultation term	n (at least one hou	r per week), while brief question	ns and explanations car

2. GENERAL INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Marko Pavelić	1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	3				
1.2. Course title	Introduction to computer science	1.8. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30 L + 30 P				
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Milan Hrga, lecturer	Materials available on-line, use of on-line tools (LMC – simulator) 15%					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate professional 2.10. Number of course revisions 1						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	2.11. Modernization	New				
1.6. Year of study	I.	1.12. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% ■ More than 20 % □				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives	Students are acquainted with: functioning principles of digital computers, role, complexity and representation of algorithms and with the basics of computational/algorithmic thinking. Understanding abstraction and its role in problem definition and solution finding. Establishing capability for problem solving algorithms selection/accommodation. Understanding interactions between algorithm complexity and its efficiency. Rising knowledge about use of computers and its influence on problem solving, based on the way how computers are functioning, their limitations and the way how information is represented in digital computers.						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	none	•					
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign languages To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages To apply key aspects of information technologies (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technologies) To interpret mechanisms for the control of: data flow, errors and fragmentation, data transfer multiplexing methods using routing methods in computer networks; as well as to configure and maintain active network devices To know the processor architecture, memory, and input-output components of computers, as well as their advantages and limitations, and to evaluate which changes to hardware and the operating system can best improve computer performance for certain types of tasks 						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	in computers. He is able to categorise	Student understands how to transform different types of information (numerical, textual, visual, audio) into data suitable for recording and manipulating in computers. He is able to categorise data and select suitable coding which is best adopted for the given problem. Student understands how computer functions and is able to distinguish different building parts according to von Neumann model.					

	Student understands	role of algo	orithms and ho	w are they defined in o	liffe	erent categori	es of prograr	nming languages.		
	Student understands	how compi	uters exercise a	algorithms and is able	to e	valuate their	efficiency.			
								ches program loops etc.		
	Student can evaluate	dent can evaluate which type of algorithm of iterative or recursive type is effective and efficient in solving of the given problem.								
			CTURES			EXERCISES				
	Introduction to computer science				2	Binary num				2
										2 2
	Bool's logic, logic f				2			entation in computers		2
	Combinatorial and				2		tions, logical			2
	Computer architector			ann model	2	Optimization of logical functions, minimization				2
					2		ann model, L	MC		2
2.5. Course content according to		8				-6 6				2 2
detailed curriculum schedule						Sort algorit				2
	8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			2	6		, LMC Assembler		2	
	Formal languages –	Programm	ning language		2	Algorithm programming, LMC Assembler				2 2 2
	Programming				2	Programming in Phyton				
	Computer types and				2		rchitecture b			2
	Communication net	works and	protocols		2		ystem Windo			2
	Operation systems				2		ystem Linux			2
		t and applic	cations of infor	mation technologies	2					2
	■ lectures		■ independer	nt tasks			2.7. Comm	ents:		
	□ seminars and work			and network						
2.6. Teaching methods	practical exercises		■ laboratory		This course prepares students for Programming			gramming Basics and	1	
G	☐ distance education		□ mentoring				Computer Architecture and Operating Systems courses			
	□ mixed e-learning□ field teaching		□ other				Computer 2	iremiceture and operating	5 by stellis courses	
		for full_tim	l Le students is 7	0% of all lectures and	eve	ercises Stude	ents who do r	not satisfy minimal attenda	ance condition will no	ot he
										51 00
	allowed to the exam. Part time students can supplement attendance with regular consultations with lecturer on the be-weekly basis. It is strongly recommended that students take active part during lectures (in discussions, readings, rising questions, problem solving etc.) Part time									
								dvance during consultati		
2.8. Students` obligations								Lecture's weekly schedul		
								<u>i-informaticki-menadzmer</u>		
								e-learning site, together		
	course, learning mate	rials, assig	nments etc.							
2.9. Monitoring student work (enter	Attendance	2		Written exam		0.5		Project		
the share of ECTS credits for each										
activity so that the total number of	Experimental work			Research				Practical work		
				1					l	

ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Essay		Report			tinuous mination		
	Colloquium		Seminar paper		Othe	er		
	Class activity		Oral exam	0.5	Othe	er		
2.10. Grading and evaluating students` work during classes and on the exam	Attendance 10% Activity in the Class Writen Exam 25% Oral Exam 50%	ctivity in the Class 15% /riten Exam 25%						
2.11. Compulsory literature	Title							ailability via ther media
(available in the library and via other media)	available in the library and via Brookshear G.: Computer Science an Overview, 11th ed, Addison Wesley					1 5		pdf pdf
2.12. Additional litearature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Evans D. : Introducti	Evans D.: Introduction to Computing, Creative Commons, 2011						pdf
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	of attendance and stu for further guidance obligations as well a Indicators of quality	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track f attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information or further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and bligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student mployment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						k, information heir rights and

3. GENERAL INFORMATION								
1.1. Course lecturer	Marko Pavelić	1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	5					
1.2. Course title	Programming fundamentals	30 L + 45 P						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Milan Hrga, lecturer 1.9. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%) Materials available on-line, us tools 10%							
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate professional	I						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	ory 3.11. Modernization						
1.6. Year of study	I.	1.12. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% ■ More than 20 % □					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives	language. Goal of this course is to fa problem solving. Students will be ab	gramming requires no prior programming experience. Introduces a similarise students with computer and algorithmic thinking, introdu- le to develop program solutions for problems of basic to medium co- ninking, are able to select and apply algorithm for solving of typical	ce them to the data abstractions and train for omplexity using C++ programming language.					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Student has attended Introduction to	Computer Science Course						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign languages To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages To apply key aspects of information technologies (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technologies) To link activities of business process modelling with the activities of designing, building and maintaining the information system according to the needs of the client and user 							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Student understands and applies basic programming constructs of C/C++ programming language. Is capable to select and define data structure for specific problem, manipulate different basic and user defined data types, as well as complex data structures like arrays, structures and use pointers where applicable. Students are able to read and test C++ code and locate and correct typical programming errors.							

	g S S	Students are able to model given simple problem, find solution and transform it to C++ code using above mentioned skills. (basic outcomes for passing grade) Student can analyse problem and is able to apply object oriented approach in data modelling using standard classes (grade C). Student is able to define and apply complex abstract data types using inheritance. (grade B) Then solving complex tasks student applies procedures for dynamic memory allocation and deallocation. (grade A)								
	LEC				ECTURES			EXERCISES/LABS		
	,	Week	Hou	r	Theme	Week	Hou	r Theme		
		1	2	Algorithms.		1	3	Scratch. Working in MS Visual Studio		
		2	2	Programming lange expressions, dana	guages, commands, operators, types.	2	3	Expressions, default data types, implicit transformation		
		3 2 Variables, algebr		Variables, algebra	ic and logical expressions	3	3	Variables, constants (literal and declared). Expressions (operator precedence, evaluation)		
					control: conditional execution and	4	3	Sequence control: conditional execution and loops.		
		5	2		Programming functions			Programming functions		
2.5. Course content according to		6	2	Arguments passin	9	6	3	Argument passing (by value/reference), recursion		
detailed curriculum schedule		7	2	Array, strings and		7	3	Arrays: declaration, use (in expression and as arguments)		
		8	2	Pointers and refer	ences	8	3	Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls		
				9	2		ject oriented programming. rivate" and "public" access.	9	3	Repetition
	lſ	10	2	Class, object, mer	nbers (attributes and methods).	10	3	Defining and using of classes		
		11	2	Polymorphism and operator overload	d overloading. Constructor and ing.	11	3	Polymorphism and operator overloading		
		12	2	Inheritance, friend	ls (functions and operators).	12	3	Inheritance		
		13	2	Template classes		13	3	Template classes		
		14	2	Structuring of pro	gramming project and team work.	14	3	Project		
		15	2	Dynamic memory	control, exceptions handling etc	15	3	Project		
		lectu		and workshops	■ independent tasks □ multimedia and network			2.7. Comments:		
2.6. Teaching methods		pracı dista	tical	exercises education earning	 □ multimedia and network ■ laboratory □ mentoring □ other 			Course starts in the second half of winter semester after introduction in Computer Science finishes		
2.8. Students` obligations								dents who do not satisfy minimal attendance condition will not be isultations with lecturer on the be-weekly basis.		

	students who will (zelimir.mikulic@vu site of Polytechnic about possible chang	t is strongly recommended that students take active part during lectures (in discussions, readings, rising questions, problem solving etc.) Part time tudents who will not be able to attend lectures regularly should contact lecturer in advance during consultation hours or via e-mail zelimir.mikulic@vus.hr). It is duty of a student to inform itself about lectures on the daily basis. Lecture's weekly schedule is available on the web ite of Polytechnic of Šibenik (http://www.vus.hr/?stranice=raspored-predavanja-preddiplomski-informaticki-menadzment&id=129). Notifications about possible changes will be sent to students via e-mail and posted on the web page of course e-learning site, together with all information about course, learning materials, assignments etc.					
	Attendance	2.5	Written exam	2	Project		
2.9. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Experimental work		Research		Practica	l work	
	Essay		Report		Continu examina		
	Colloquium		Seminar paper		Other		
	Class activity		Oral exam	0.5	Other		
2.10. Grading and evaluating students` work during classes and on the exam	obligatory for studen is then used instead of Students who do not to be allowed to the of	Student's attendance is regularly registered as is activity in class during lectures and exercises. Three colloquiums are organized during semester (not obligatory for students) and student who scores over 50% points on each of them can go directly to oral exam. Total score from all three colloquiums is then used instead of written exam score. If student passes only two out of three colloquiums, he can repeat one he has missed at the end of semester. Students who do not pass all three colloquiums have to approach to the written exam. On the written exam student has to score minimum of 50% points to be allowed to the oral exam. Final grade is based on the following criteria: 10% based on attendance, 15% on activity during lectures and exercises, based on results of written exam and 50% based on results of oral exam.					
2.11 Compulsory literature	Title					umber of copies in the library	Availability via other media
2.11. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via other media)	Želimir Mikulić: Osr	Motik: Demistificirani C nove programiranja, Vele ng C++ Through Game I	anje)	10 -	- pdf		
other media)		think like a computer sci		urse reemiology 2011		-	pdf pdf
2.12. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Downey A.: How to	think like a computer sci Elliot Koffman: Proble	ientist, C++ Edition	tion and Design Using	C++,	1	pdf

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABO	1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Operational research	1.8. ISVU course code						
1.2. Lecturer	Ivana Beljo	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional undergraduate study Business Informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, (lectures recorded)					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	0.					
1.6. Study year	3	1.13. Modernization	□ yes I no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%					

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
	.The aim of this course is to train students in use of quantitative methods for decision making:
	Creating mathematical models of various business problems;
2.1. Course objectives	Finding best method for getting optimal solution based on model;
J	Evaluate solution and perform sensitivity analysis;
	 Apply the learned content of this course in business practice.

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2 Finished courses: Mathematics, Business Statistics								
	LO2. Evaluate and define steps in planning, decision making, operations and control then applying computer aided business and manufacturing								
	LO7. Select and use quantitative/mathematical methods, models and techniques appropriate for solving problems from informatics and business domain.								
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO9. To individually and responsibly search and select relevant literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare papers and presentations for general and professional audience and critically evaluate presented professional topics.								
study programme level	LO14. Successfully communicates with clients, users and colleagues, both verbal and in writing, using suitable terminology, what also includes ability to communicate in foreign language about professional topics.								
	LO15. Compare and select suitable development tools from professional viewpoint.								
	LO16. Evaluate deciding factors that have impact on businesses and individual and apply basic methods and concepts of planning, managing and auditing business.								
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	I.O Level: 13. Recapture, 14. Understanding, 15. Application, 16. Analysis, 17. Evaluation, 18. Synthesis							
	1. Recognize and analyze problems from the business domain which can be solved by linear programming.	2,3							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	2. Design linear programming model for recognized problems.								
on the course level	3. Apply Simplex method for solving common problems in business.								
	4. Present advantages and limitations of methods and techniques for linear programming on given problem.								
	5. Apply streamlined Simplex method on specific business problems (transport, assignment, stock control, scheduling, network etc.								
	6. Understand and apply different approach in decision making based on problem characteristics.								
	7. Use software tools (Excel add-ins) for creating and solving linear, non-linear and integer problems.								
	8. Recognize biases and fallacies that impact rationality of decision maker and avoid them.								
	9. Evaluate and interpret results of model solving and perform sensitivity analysis for common problems met in the business.	4,5							

2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	Constructive alignment									
	detailed curriculum schedule	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed			

46.	Introduction to Operations Research.	1,2	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	Checked by written test and oral exam: student can estimate influence of technology development on capabilities and performance of computers.	2 hours
47.	Linear problems, mathematical model and geometric visualization.	1,2,3	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	-"- : student can create mathematical model of common linear problem	6 hours
48.	Simplex method	1,2,3	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
49.	Solving linear problems in Excel	2,3,4,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	10 hours
50.	Post-optimal analysis, sensitivity and shadow price	2,3,4,7,9	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student evaluate results of model solution	8 hours
51.	Special cases of linear problems, transport problems	1,2,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	10 hours
52.	Problem of assignation, modelling in Excel	1,2,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
53.	Network models: Minimum Price Maximal Flow Problem	1,2,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	10 hours
54.	Network models for project management.	1,2,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
55.	Dynamic programming	4,5,6	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
56.	Integer programming in Excel	4,5,6,7,8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
57.	Decision-making theory: Decisions tree.	4,5,6,7,8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	10 hours
58.	Methods for solving nonlinear problems in Excel	6,7,8,9	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"- : student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
59.	Selecting best methods for solving common business problems	4,5,6,7,9	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	Checked by oral exam: Student can select optimal method for modelling given business problem and understand it's advantages and limitations	8 hours
60.	Common fallacies in decision making	8,9	Listen to the lecture and individual preparation for the exam.	Checked by oral exam: Student recognises common fallacies and biases in decision making	8 hours

3.1. Students` obligations

In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures through physical presence or via on-line attendance.

Students who have during the course:

	 satisfied minimal attendance condition, may approach colloquium or written exam. past 50% score from all colloquium or from written exam (exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period) may approach final oral exam past both written and oral exams receive grade and all ECTS credits for that course 							
	Attendance	0.4	Written exam	1.6 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project			
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work			
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination			
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)			
	Class activities	0.4	Oral exam	1.6 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)			
3.3. Student workload	7. Attending classes R. Creating and Presc	n all bases amounts to 1 Ed enting seminar paper e Colloquium / exam through self-		of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 45 10 65				
4. GRADING								
4.1. Seminar paper grading								
	Po	oor	Satisfying		Above average			
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no Does not know and does no		Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfer new knowledge, understands subject matter, explain					

	and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.				terms and the supples.	he notions that subs	stantiate by	thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.	
	Active participation in the lessons		70-75% of attendance		76-86	76-86% of attendance 87-10		0% of attendance	Activity in class
			2 points		5 points		10 points		+10 points
4.3. Creating a final grade	Colloquium / written		2			3		4	5
according to evaluation			50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%
elements	CAUII		25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points
	0.1		2		3			5	5
	Oral exam		25 point	s	30 points			35 points	40 points
AA Constitute of final and a		kno	centage of adopted owledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numero	ous grade	ECTS grade			
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			88 – 100%	5 (exc	cellent)	A			
			78 – 87.9%		y good)	В			
			62 – 77.9%		good)	С			
			50 – 61,9%		ficient)	D			
			0 – 49.9%	1 (unsu	fficient)	F			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and	 Kalpić D., Mornar V., Operacijska istraživanja, DRIP, Zagreb 1996. 	5	-
through other media)	2. Hillier F., Lieberman G.: Introduction to operations Research, McGraw Hill 8th ed. 2005,	1	On-line, pdf
	3. Ragsdale C., Spreadsheet Modeling & Decision Making, Thompson South-Western, 5 th ed., 2008	1	On-line, pdf
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Swift L., Piff S.: Quantitative Methods for Business, Menagement and Finance, Palgrave, 3rd Ed. Bradley, Hax, and Magnanti: Applied Mathematical Programming, Addisson-Wesley, 1977 	1 1	- On-line, pdf
5.3 Quality assurance	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k	xeening track of attendance and	student activity during

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences

The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature.

Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and

Alumni association.

5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher

It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).

PK-SP-2. Description of a new course or an amended and/or changed or modernized course

4. GENERAL INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Ivana Beljo	1.8. Course code in ISVU	146563				
1.2. Course title	Financial mathematics	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate Professional Study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2				
1.6. Year of study	1 st	1.14. Modernization	Yes				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X□ More than 20 % □				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives		heoretical knowledge: ills of the analytical way of thinking, and the logical way of conclud pasic concepts of financial mathematics with appropriate economic a	~				
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	d; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.					
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO 1: To analyze the situation, identify opportunities and anticipate the problems encountered by organizations and individuals in the application of information technologies. LO 2: To define and evaluate process of thinking, planning, decision making and management in terms of electronically supported business and production. LO 6: To properly write and interpret basic concepts in the field of economics of enterprises, entrepreneurs and entrepreneurship and properly interpret their interdependence. LO 7: To select and apply mathematical methods, models and techniques that are appropriate for solving problems in the area of information and business systems.						

2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	7. 7. 8. 7. 9. 7. 10. 7. 11. 7.	9. To examine the properties of basic economic functions and comment on them.							
	Cons	structive allignement							
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time		
	61.	Introduction into the course and detailed plan.	-	Listen to lectures. Work independently on computer, get to know course content and elearning documents.	-	2 h			
	62.	Basic Economic Accounts. Percentage and per mille account. The triple rule. Division account.	1	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams elect the appropriate economic account a to the problem from the economic practi	and apply	6 h		
	63.	Sequences. Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences	2	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to differentiate arithmetic and geometric sequences. Solve exercises.		4 h		
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	64.	Economic Functions. Demand and Supply Function.	3	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams know how to define economic functions graph of functions, and examine the den supply variability	, sketch a	4 h		
	65.	Elasticity. Equilibrium.	3	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to define and calculate the equilibrium of functions, solve the elasticity of supply and demand functions.		4 h		
	66.	Economic Functions. Revision for colloquium. Colloquium.	1, 2, 3	Write the colloquium.	-		40 h		
	67.	Simple Interest Account. Anticipative and Decursive Interest Calculation.	4	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams know how to define and solve the tasks interest account.	of a simple	4 h		
	68.	Compound Interest Account.	4	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams know how to define and differentiate the interest account, solve the tasks of a con interest account.	e type of	4 h		

69.	Interest rates. Conformal and Relative interest rate.	4, 5	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to define and differentiate the interest rate, and choose the appropriate method of transforming the nominal interest rate into a conformal or relative one.	4 h	
70.	Prenumerando and postnumerando Present and Final Value. Perpetual annuity.	4, 5	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to calculate and interpret the elements in the examples with periodic payments.	4 h	
71.	Loan. Repayment model of the loan.	6	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to calculate the loan according to the repayment models with equal annuities, models with equal repayment quotas and agreed annuities, and make a loan repayment schedule.	4 h	
72.	Loan. The conversion of the loan.	6	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to calculate the loan after the loan conversion, and make a loan repayment schedule.	4 h	
73.	Loan. Combined loan repayment model.	6	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to calculate combined loan repayment and make a loan repayment schedule.	4 h	
74. Loan. Revision for colloc Colloquium.	Loan. Revision for colloquium. Colloquium.	4,5,6	Write the colloquium.	-	40 h	
75.	Revision		Listen to lectures and read literature.	-	40 h	

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students' obligations

In accordance with the Regulations on Studying and the Regulations on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students attendance of at least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend classes at least 50%. All students are required to carry calculator and formulae list. Students who have during the course achieved:

- from 0 24,9% ECTS credits- are rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot obtain ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic year;
- from 25 49,9% are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;
- more than 50% students have the right to take the final exam.

Students can take the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (written and oral part of the exam).

3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)

r	Attendance	0,5	Written exam	3,5 (without colloquia)	Project		
	Experimental work		Research		Practical work		
	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	0,5	

	Colloquium	3,5 (exan	(without written	Semina	ar paper			Other		
	Class activity	0,5		Oral ex	cam	1		Other		
3.3. Student workload		ng classes	uses for 1 ECTS of and exercises 60 ia or exams thro) hours			mated as:			
4. GRADING SYSTEM										
4.1. Grading seminar papers										
	U	nsatisfacto	ry		Satisfactory			Abo	ve average	
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Knowledge is at the level of analysis Observes the principles, accurately a content of the material, and logically terms and concepts supported with examples.					rately and the ogically con with exam	and thoroughly explains the y connects and explains the examples. Finds solutions that			
			70-74.9% of a	attendance	75-79.9% of a	ttendance	80-89.9% of	attandance	90-	100% of attendance
	Active course at	tendance	2 poin		,	5 points		oints		20 points
				3			4			5
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	Colloquia/Writt	en exam	50-64,9	9%	% 65-79,9%		80-89,9%			90-100%
evaluation elements			25 poi	nts	30 poir	nts	35 pc	oints		40 points
	Oral exam		2		3		5			5
	Orar Cxam		25 poi	nts	30 poir	nts	35 pc	pints		40 points
4.3. Final grade according to		knowle	age of acquired edge, skills and es (teaching + final exam)		rical grade ECTS gr					
absolute division			0 – 100% 0 – 89,9%		ery good)	A B				
		80 – 89,9% 65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9% 50 – 59,9%		3 2 (sat	(good) isfactory) isfactory)	C D E				

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFOI	RMATION							
5.1. Commission literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via	Šorić K., Zbirka zadataka iz matematike s primjenom u ekonomiji, Element, Zagreb, 2011. (selected chapters)	7						
other media)	Šego B., Lukač Z., Financijska matematika, Udžbenici Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, Zagreb, 2011(selected chapters)	5						
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Teaching material and exercises Babić Z., Tomić Plazibat N., Poslovna matematika, Ekonomski fakultet Split, 2003 (selected chapters) Babić Z., Tomić N., Aljinović Z., Matematika za ekonomiste, Ekonomski fakultet Split, 2004 (selected chapters) Harshbarger R.J., Reynolds J.J., Mathematical Applications for the Management, Life and Social Sciences, Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston, 2004. (selected chapters)							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.							
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities. All notices of classes or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic Students can							

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABO	OUT THE SUBJECT			
1.1. Title	Principles of economics	1.8. ISVU course code	PINF-1	
1.2. Lecturer	Dijana Mečev, PhD, s. lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code		
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional Undergraduate study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%	
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	0	
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	□ yes I no	
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	5	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %	

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	The main objectice of the course is to ensure students have the ability to understand main economic relationships and processes from different areas of real economic issues.
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2

	LO6:	To properly write and interpret basic concepts in the	e field of econor	mics of enterprises, entrepreneurs and entr	epreneurship and properly interpret their interdepend	lence.		
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO16: To valorize elevant factors that affect organization's and individual's business and apply basic methods and concepts of planning, management and accounting.							
study programme level	LO14: To communicate successfully with clients, users and colleagues using appropriate terminology, including the ability to communicate professionally in a foreign language, both in written and spoken manner.							
24 Europted Insuring automore	Lear	ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonom two verbs per LO)				LO Level: 19. Recapture, 20. Understanding, 21. Application, 22. Analysis, 23. Evaluation, 24. Synthesis		
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	1	. To demonstrate knowledge and understanding problem of scarcity.	of course conte	ent by defining and describing basic conc	epts of economics as a science that addresses the	1, 1		
	2		demand analys	is.		4		
		. To analyze consumer behavior regarding prod				4		
	4	<u> </u>				2		
		To calculate and interpret different measures			et, inflation and unemployment	3, 5		
	 To analyze the business cycle by analyzing aggregate demand and aggregate supply. To link fundamental economic principles and insights, their overall nature and appearance, and similarities and differences. 							
	/	. 10 mk fundamental economic principles and	msignts, their o	veran nature and appearance, and similari	les and differences.	6		
	Constructive alignment							
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed		
	76.	Introduction into the course and detailed plan.	-	Listen to lectures. By working independently on a computer, they are introduced to the course content and the documents on the e-learning page of the course.	-	2 hours		
.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule		Introduction to economics.	1	Listen to the lecture and read the literature, write homework.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can define and describe the basic economic concepts; explain the circuit diagram and its application and the law of diminishing returns.	8 hours		
detailed cufficulum schedule	77.	Supply and demand. How do markets work?	1, 2	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Individually or in pairs solve case studies, discuss on the exposed topic. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can define supply / demand and analyze the impact of individual variables on supply and demand curves	10 hours		
	78.	Elasticity and its application.	1, 2	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can define supply / demand elasticity and analyze its application.	8 hours		
	79.	Demand and Consumer Behavior.	1, 2, 3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Individually or in pairs solve case studies. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they kno- how to define the utility and paradox of value and explain their application.	8 hours		
	80.	Production and business organization.	1	Listen to the lecture and read the literature, discuss on the exposed topic.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they known to define the term and forms of enterprise and describe the economic characteristics of large and			

					small enterprises. They can explain the law of diminishing returns, and calculate and interpret marginal and average products.	
	81.	Cost analysis.	1	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can define types of costs. They know how to calculate and interpret marginal, average, fixed, variable and total costs. They know how to use cost curves in business analysis.	8 hours
	82.	Perfect competition. Market failure.	1, 2, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. Individually or in pairs solve case studies. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they know how to define perfect competition, analyze the income of companies in the market of perfect competition. They know how to determine the point of enterprise closing down. They can list and explain market failures.	10 hours
	83.	Monopoly	1, 2, 3, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They discuss on the exposed topic. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they know how to define a monopoly and explain causal factors driving. They know how to calculate and interpret the total, average and marginal revenue of monopolists. They know how to use the demand curve to analyze monopolist profit maximization. They know how to distinguish between monopoly and perfect competition.	8 hours
	84.	Oligopoly and game theory. Monopolistic competition.	1, 2, 3, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. They discuss on the exposed topic. Individually or in pairs solve case studies.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they know how to define an oligopoly and explain causal factors driving. They know how to determine Nash Equilibrium in the oligopoly market. They can define monopolistic competition. They know how to distinguish the behavior of companies in the monopolistic competition in the short term from the behavior in the long term.	8 hours
	85.	Input Markets.	1, 2, 3, 4	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They discuss on the exposed topic. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they know how to define and explain factors of production (inputs). They know how to analyze the impact of individual variables on labor market supply and demand curves. They know how to explain the impact of unions and collective bargaining on wages and employment. They can think critically about the reasons for the existence of wage differences and the justification for rent payments. They know how to calculate and interpret the present value of a capital good.	10 hours
	86.	The State and the Economy.	7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. They discuss on the exposed topic	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can explain the reasons for state intervention, critically consider ways of state intervention in economic developments. They are able to explain public choice theory and the majority paradox.	6 hours
	87.	Income distribution and poverty.	4, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Student explore the content	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can define poverty and its forms, explain Lorenz curve	6 hours

					of this topic area by sea database.	arching the		ini coefficient. They can explain equalities occur.	
	88.	Basic concepts of mace	roeconomics.	1, 5	Listen to the lecture and literature. They discuss exposed topic. Solve ex	on the	able to define of and explain the calculate and in GDP deflator, rate. They are	or written and oral exams they are GDP, inflation and unemployment bir components. They know how to interpret nominal and real GDP, consumer price index and inflation capable of thinking critically about sure of welfare and about causes of	10 hours
	89.	Aggregate supply and of The financial market at Central Banking and M	nd a money issue.	2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and literature. They discuss exposed topic. Solve exposed topic.	on the	use the aggregation model to analy know how to convestment mu	or written and oral exams they can ate supply and aggregate demand ze fluctuations in the economy. They alculate and interpret the extent of an Itiplier. They can explain the role of etary policy in the economy.	
	90.	Concluding Considerate preparation for the exa			Listen to the lecture and preparation for the example.				32 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK							
	T	and an acceptable that Dooble of	Dulas and the Dulah and	on Charlent A	Francisco C			at 700/ attack large. But the art doubt	harratha ablication
		In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures.							
3.1. Students` obligations	:	Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject.							
	Studen b) duri	ts can pass the final exam	n in two ways: a) during the	ne course thro	ough continuous student atte tudies) and passing the exam	endance (active pa	articipation in the 1 exam).	e lessons, solving case studies and par	sing three colloquia);
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Attend		0,5		itten exam	3 (by submittir colloquiums the relieved of an examination)	ng all e student is	Project	
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Experi	mental work		Res	search			Practical work	
corresponds to the credit score	Essay				port			Continuous examination	
of the course)	Collog	uium	4 (by submitting both colloquiums the stude		minar paper			Other (inscribe)	

	Class activities	relieved of a written and oral examination) 0,5	Oral exam	1 (by submi colloquiums relieved of a examination	s the student is an oral	Other (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 10. Attending classes	on all bases amounts to 1 E	•	ours of work per ser Hours (esting the series) 60 90		estimated as:		
4. GRADING								
4.1. Seminar paper grading								
	F	coor	Satisfying			Ab	ove average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does and concepts. Cannot app of the course.	not apply the basic terms	new knowledge, ur	terms, without difficu derstands subject mat de notions that subs	matter, explains and explains the content of the subject, and			
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-86	% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons	3 points		5 points		7 points	3 points	
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation		2		3		4	5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%	(55-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%	
		27 points		33 points		39 points	45 points	
	Oral exam	2		3		5	5	

		27 points		33 I			39 points	45 points
4.4 Creating a final goods	kno	centage of adopted wledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numerou	ıs grade	ECTS grade			
4.4. Creating a final grade		90 – 100%	5 (exce	ellent)	A			
according to absolute allocation		80 – 89,9%	4 (very	good)	В			
		65 – 79,9%	3 (go	ood)	C			
		60 – 64,9%	2 (suffi	cient)	D			
		50 – 59,9%	2 (suffi	cient)	E			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and through other media)	1. Samuelson, P. A. i Nordhaus, W. (2007). Ekonomija, 18th edition, Zagreb: Mate d.o.o.	15	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Polovina, S. i Medić D. Š. (2002). Osnove ekonomije: priručnik za studij ekonomije. Zagreb: Medinek. Mankiw N.G. (2006). Osnove ekonomije. Zagreb: Mate d.o.o. (chapters 2,3, 4, 5, 6) 	5 5	
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By leading and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or are pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one he can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) the working days from the receipt of e-mail).	nour per week), while brief ques	tions and explanations

5. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course lecturer	Ana Perišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU	146563			
1.2. Course title	Mathematics	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG				
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate Professional Study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials a	re on-line, 0%		
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1			
1.6. Year of study	1 st	1.15. Modernization	Yes			
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %	X _□		
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	Introducing students to the fundamer courses. Adopting analytical skills, le	ntal concepts of linear algebra and functions of single variable, which ogical and critical thinking skills.	h they can apply in diffe	erent economics		
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	d; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.				
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	business systems	cal methods, models and techniques that are appropriate for solvi t affect organization's and individual's business and apply basic me				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level Learning outcomes accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Service of the course level accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Service of the course level accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)						
	13. Perform fundamental operations on set			4		
	14. Carry out fundamental operations on n	natrices		4		

		Propose a method and solve systems of linear equation Conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable	ions;			5,4 4			
	17. Apply linear algebra and functional analysis methods in economic problems solving								
	Constructive alignment								
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation	Time			
	91.	Introduction into the course and detailed plan. Introduction to set theory.	1	Attending lectures. Familiarize with course content, e-learning documents, literature and students' obligations.	Students perform fundamental operations on set through colloquia or written/oral exams.	3h 8h			
	92.	Matrices: definitions, properties and calculus.	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students carry out fundamental operations on matrices through colloquia or written/oral exam	4h 8h			
	93.	Determinants: definition and calculus	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students carry out fundamental operations on matrices through colloquia or written/oral exam	4h 8h			
	94.	Inverse matrix. Matrix equations.	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students carry out fundamental operations on matrices through colloquia or written/oral exam	4h 8h			
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	95.	Systems of linear equations. Cramer rule. Matrix equations.	3,5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will propose a method and solve system of linear equations; they will apply linear algebrathods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.				
	96.	Systems of linear equations. Gaussian elimination.	3,5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will propose a method and solve system of linear equations; they will apply linear algebrathods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.				
	97.	Matrix calculus. Application in economics. Exam preparation	2, 3,5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion.	Students will carry out fundamental operations matrices, propose a method and solve systems of linear equations; they will apply linear algebra methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.				
	98.	Functions. Definition, properties.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of function one variable through colloquia or written/oral exams.	of 4h 8h			
	99.	Elementary functions. Domain.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of function one variable through colloquia or written/oral exams.	of 4h 8h			

		_				
	100.	Elementary functions.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h
	101.	Limit of a function. Asymptote.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h
	102.	The derivative of a function	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable, they will apply functional analysis methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h
	103.	Monotonicity and local extrema.	4,5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable, they will apply functional analysis methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h
	104.	Function graphs	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable, they will apply functional analysis methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h
	105.	An application of functional analysis in economics. Exam preparation	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable, they will apply functional analysis methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS`	WOR	K				
	least 7	0%. Part-time students are required to attempt who have during the course achieved: from 0 - 24,9% ECTS credits- are rate	tend classes ed F (unsucc	at least 50%. All students are requessful) and cannot obtain ECTS creations.	nd Evaluation: for all full-time students attended to carry calculator and formulae list. edits, and must re-enroll in the next academic (test). Written exam (test) can be held in	c year;

Written exam

Students can take the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (written and oral part of the exam).

3,5 (without colloquia)

Project

• more than 50% - students have the right to take the final exam.

0,5

Attendance

3.2. Monitoring student work (enter

the share of ECTS credits for each

activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the	Experimental work		Research	Research		Practical work	
credit score of the course)	Essay		Report			Continuous examination	0,5
	Colloquium	3,5 (without written exam)	Seminar paper			Other	
	Class activity	0,5	Oral exam	1		Other	
3.3. Student workload	5. Attending of	classes and exercises 60	credit is 30 hours in a semes) hours ugh individual work 120 ho		nated as:		
4. GRADING SYSTEM							
4.1. Grading seminar papers							
	Unsat	isfactory	Satisfactory	Above average			
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memor understanding. Does basic terms and conc how to apply or expl course with example	not know or apply epts. Does not know ain the contents of the	Reproduces the basic conceptifficulty imparts new understands the material, expand concepts supported with	Observes the content of the terms and content of the terms and content of the terms and content of the terms are t	is at the level of analysis, see principles, accurately and me material, and logically concepts supported with exaginally given. Notes correl	thoroughly explains the onnects and explains the mples. Finds solutions that	
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	to the oral exam, stu did not pass at least students need to ach	dents need to achieve a one colloquia (or retak	sibility to partially take writt t least 50% on each colloqui ken colloquia) need to take p ritten exam. The final grade and during classes.	um. Also, stud part in the writ	lents have a patten exam. Ir	possibility to retake one on this case, in order to ha	colloquium. Students wheneve access to the oral exam
	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)		Numerical grade	ECTS g	rade		
4.2 Final and a seconding to		90 – 100%					
4.3. Final grade according to			5 (excellent)	A			
4.3. Final grade according to absolute division		80 - 89,9%	4 (very good)	В			

	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media						
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via other media)	Perišić, A. i Devčić, K. (2016) Matematika s primjenom u ekonomiji. Veleučilište u Šibeniku, Šibenik. Babić, Z., Tomić Plazibat, N. (2003) Poslovna matematika. Ekonomski fakultet Split, Split. (selected chapters) Šorić, K. (2011) Zbirka zadataka iz matematike s primjenom u ekonomiji. Element, Zagreb. (selected chapters)	2 7 7	Yes Yes yes						
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Lukač, Z (2014) Matematika za ekonomske analize, Udžbenici Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, Element, Zagreb. Babić Z., Tomić N., Aljinović Z. (2004) Matematika za ekonomiste, Ekonomski fakultet Split Harshbarger R.J., Reynolds J.J.(2004) Mathematical Applications for the management, life and social sciences, 7th edition, Boston New York, Houghton Company. Teaching materials								
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through significant for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students as well as the methods of work and the required literature.	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student							
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions are class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which we than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	the website of the Polyte ad explanations they can	chnic. Students can be contacted during						

1. GENERAL INFORMATION									
1.1. Course title	English for Information Technology I	1.8. Course code in ISVU	201304						
1.2. Course lecturer	Goran Crnica, prof., pred. (lecturer)	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+15+0+0)						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate professional study of Business Informatics	1.11. Level of e-learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1st, course materials are on-line, %						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2						
1.6. Year of study	1st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	3	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %						

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	The aim of the course is to develop language structures, lexis and grammar from the business English language at the intermediate and higher level. Special attention is given to perfecting the techniques of listening, reading, speaking and writing. Professional vocabulary should be mastered at an intermediate and higher level. The objectives also include the repetition and determination of basic tenses, the adoption of professional vocabulary related to the language of information technologies, as well as international and intercultural economic issues.

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year secondary education completed; possessing a Level 4.2 qualification according to the CROQF. Proficiency in English at minimum B1 level.						
	LO 1: To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign language						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO 3: To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages						
study programme level	LO 10: Develop team and interpersonal teamwork skills, master communication skills und presentation skills for assigned topics and tasks (case studies, projects, seminars) using advanced software tools for document creation, presentation and budget implementation						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level (4-10	Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxonomy:	LO level: 1 - memory, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis, 5 - evaluation, 6 - synthesis					
learning outcomes)	18. To define and explain business English keywords	1,2					
learning outcomes)	19. To explain and apply correctly grammatical structures and vocabulary in the field of Business English	2,3					
	20. To create independently and present content in the field of Business English	3					
	21. To analyse medium-sized professional texts and solve language tasks	4					
	22. To argue critically the views expressed and express your own views on the topic of Business English	5					
	23. To use part of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEF) level B1-B1-B2 language competences to generate new ideas	6					

	Constructive alignment									
		r.br.	Thematic topic of the lecture	Thematic topic of the language exercises	LO of the course	Content / teaching method	Evaluation	Hours needed		
2.5. Course content a detailed curriculum s	U	106.	Introduction into the course	Students introduce themselves to each other in English	3,5,6	Students listen to the lectures. They work independently on the computer, inform themselves about the course content and eLearning documents. Students get to know each other in small groups, discuss the reasons for choosing their studies and explain what they expect from the studies. Group representatives present to their colleagues the similarities and differences in the reasons for choosing their studies. Students are introduced to the Polytechnic's Code of Ethics.	In the oral part of the final exam, you introduce yourself or your colleagues. They express their opinion about their own linguistic progress and point out the shortcomings and strengths.	3		

107.	Companies; A matter of choice	Company structure	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
108.	Grammar notes (present tenses)	Language check (present tenses)	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
109.	Leadership; when to terrorize talent	Reading, vocabulary, collocations	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
110.	Past tenses	Language check (past tenses)	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
111.	Strategy; The big picture	Reading, vocabulary exercises	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
112.	Grammar notes (future forms)	Career skills; Talking about your job	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam.	3

113.	Articles	Case study	2,3,4,6	certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples. Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures. Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
114.	Pay; the rewards of failure Review 1	re multi- part 1,2		The students listen to the lecture and prepare individually for the exam. Before the colloquium, students are asked to ask questions about content or grammar.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	25
115.	Grammar notes (present perfect)	Career skills; Getting things done	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
116.	Development; Prosperity or preservation	Vocabulary exercises; understanding	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
117.	Language check; Modal verbs of likelihood	Career skills; Giving short presentations	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
118.	Marketing; Seducing the masses	Writing	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms.	3

					express opinions and pr The use of all language (listening, speaking, rea writing) is recommende	skills ading and ed.	critically discutexts and use plevel B1-B2 of of Reference fideas and findi		
	119. Comparatives and superlatives		Skills; Considering alternatives	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lectrogrammar and spelling. exchange their own expectation topic and practic structures by formulating examples.	The students periences on a ce language	grammar and s or in the writte In the oral part everyday exan grammatical st		3
	120.	Review 2	Final discussion and signatures 1,2,4,5,6 The students listen to the lecture and prepare individually for the exam. Before the colloquium, students are asked to ask questions about content or grammar.				Students apply grammar and s or in the writte In the oral part everyday exan grammatical st	26	
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	TWO	RK							
3.1. Student obligations	require The str participasses Studen	ed to attend classes and teau udent's acquired knowledge pation in teaching and their both exams, he/she is exer at achievements: Students with 0 - 24.9 Students with 25 - 49. period; Students with more the ats can pass the final exam passing two colloquia and a	ch at least 50%; they are e is tested during the cour presentation of homewonpted from the written p % of ECTS credits - are 9% of ECTS credits - ar an 50% of ECTS credits in two ways: n oral exam during the r	also required arse content. Soork. Of partic art of the final graded with a e graded FX (- students ha egular or extr	to write homework. Studen students are evaluated during ular importance for the final l exam and is obliged to tak an F (unsuccessful) and can rinsufficient) and must pass we the right to take the final	ts are required to g the teaching pr grade are the tw e the oral final en not earn ECTS on the written exam- exam.	o bring writing mocess, with particle of written tests the xam.	ed attendance is at least 70%. Part-teaterials (paper and pen/ballpoint per palar attention being paid to the studient the student takes during the semi-e-enrol the course in the next acade en exam can be held in a regular or	n) to the exercises. lent's active ester. If the student mic year;
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attend	lance	0,5	Wri	tten exam	1 (without coll	loquia)	Project	
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experi	mental work		Res	earch			Practical work	
for each activity so that the total number	Essay			Rep	ort			Continuous evaluation	
of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Collog	uium	1 (without written exa	m) Sen	ninar paper			(Homework for part-time students)	0,5
the credit score of the course)	Active	participation	0,5	Ora	l exam	1		(Other)	
3.3. Student workload	The v	workload of students of	on all bases is 1 EC	TS credit p	oint (30 semester hour	rs) and is esting	mated as:		

	Obligation					Hours (estin	nated)			
		es and language exercises quia or exams through ind				45 45				
4. GRADING SYSTEM										
4.1. Grading seminar papers	-									
	Uns			Satisfa	nctory			Above averag	ge	
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, understanding. Does not and concepts. Does not the contents of the cour	erms impa explain expl	Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples.				evaluation. Ob thoroughly explogically conne concepts support that were not of	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. Observes the principles, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the material, and logically connects and explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Finds solutions that were not originally given. Notes correlations with related material.		
	Active participation of	70-74,9% of a	attendance	e 75-79,9% of attendance		80-89,	9% of attendanc	e 90-10	00% of attendance	
	lectures and language exercises	2 poir	nts		5 points	S		10 points		20 points
		2			3			4		5
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	Colloquia/Written exam	50-64,	9%		65-79,99	6		80-89,9%		90-100%
evaluation elements		25 poi	nts	30 points		s		35 points		40 points
		2		3				5		5
	Oral exam	25 poi	ints	30 points		35 points			40 points	
4.4 Final and according to	kı	rcentage of acquired nowledge, skills and etences (teaching + final exam)	Numeri	cal grade		ECTS grade			•	
4.4. Final grade according to absolute division		90 – 100% 80 – 89,9%		cellent) y good)		A B				
		65 – 79,9%	3 (g	ood)		C				
		60 – 64,9% 50 – 59,9%		factory) factory)		D E				
5. ADDITIONAL COURSE IN	FORMATION									
5.1. Compulsory literature			Title						nber of copies in the library	Availability vi

(available in the library and via other media)	1. "Intelligent Business", Coursebook, Intermediate Business English, Tonya Trappe, Graham Tullis, Pearson Longman									
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 "Intelligent Business", Skills Book, Intermediate Business English, Tonya Trappe, Graham Tullis, Pearson Longman "Intelligent Business", Workbook, Intermediate Business English, Tonya Trappe, Graham Tullis, Pearson Longman 		Availability via e- learning platform							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	classes and provided information on student progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature.	icators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employees								
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and classroom activities. All notices of cla on the e-learning site of the course and the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at le explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @vus.hr) than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	east one hour per week), while t	for short questions and							

2. GENERAL INFORMAT	TION					
1.1. Course title	English for Information Technology II	1.8. Course code in ISVU	202201			
1.2. Course lecturer	Goran Crnica, prof., pred. (lecturer)	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG				
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+15+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate professional study of management	1.11. Level of e-learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1st, course materials are on-line, %			
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2			
1.6. Year of study	1st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no			
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	3	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %			

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	The aim of the course is to develop language structures, lexis and grammar from the business English language at the intermediate and higher level. Special attention is given to perfecting the techniques of listening, reading, speaking and writing. Professional vocabulary should be mastered at an intermediate and higher level. The objectives also include the repetition and determination of basic tenses, the adoption of professional vocabulary related to the language of information technologies, as well as international and intercultural economic issues.

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year secondary education completed; possessing a Level 4.2 qualification according to the CROQF. Proficiency in English at minimum B1 level.									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO 1: To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign language									
	LO 3: To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages									
	10: Develop team and interpersonal teamwork skills, master communication skills I presentation skills for assigned topics and tasks (case studies, projects, seminars) ng advanced software tools for document creation, presentation and budget implementation									
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level (4-10	Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxonomy:	LO level: 1 - memory, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis, 5 - evaluation, 6 - synthesis								
learning outcomes)	24. To define and explain business English keywords	1,2								
rearming outcomes)	25. To explain and apply correctly grammatical structures and vocabulary in the field of Business English and IT	2,3								
	26. To create independently and present content in the field of Business English for IT	3								
	27. To analyse medium-sized professional texts and solve language tasks	4								
	28. To argue critically the views expressed and express your own views on the topic of Business English	5								
	29. To use part of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEF) level B2 language competences to generate new ideas	6								

		Cons	tructive alignment					
		r.br.	Thematic topic of the lecture	Thematic topic of the language exercises	LO of the course	Content / teaching method	Evaluation	Hours needed
2.5. Course content accordetailed curriculum sche	U	121.	Outdourcing: "The great job migration"	Offshoring, Collocations Making and responding to suggestions	3,5,6	Students listen to the lectures. They work independently on the computer, inform themselves about the course content and eLearning documents. Students get to know each other in small groups, discuss the reasons for choosing their studies and explain what they expect from the studies. Group representatives present to their colleagues the similarities and differences in the reasons for choosing their studies. Students are introduced to the Polytechnic's Code of Ethics.	In the oral part of the final exam, you introduce yourself or your colleagues. They express their opinion about their own linguistic progress and point out the shortcomings and strengths.	3

122.	Modal verbs	Sentence completition and translation	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
123.	Conditionals; Type 1	The conditional sentences, practice	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
124.	Conditional sentence; Type 2 and Type 3	Speaking, vocabulary practicing	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
125.	Finance; The bottom line, The profit and loss	Adjetives and adverbs	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
126.	Passive voice	Passive sentence practicing	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
127.	Recruitment; Hiring for the future	Relative pronouns; Word-building;	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam.	3

	A full house	Small-talk		certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own	In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain	
128.	Relative pronouns	Career skills, attitudes to personal space	2,3,4,6	examples. Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	grammatical structures. Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
129.	Review 1	Review 1 – Self Evaluation	1,2,4,5,6	The students listen to the lecture and prepare individually for the exam. Before the colloquium, students are asked to ask questions about content or grammar.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	25
Counterfeiting Imitating property is theft Counterfeiting Prefixes Career skills; Giving reasons 2,3,4,6		2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3	
131.	Markets "Going, going, gone"	Compound nouns Making and responding to offers	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
132.	Lobbies	Vocabulary and language check	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
133.	Reported speech	Reported sentence formation	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms.	3

					express opinions and po The use of all language (listening, speaking, rea writing) is recommende	skills ading and ed.	critically discutexts and use plevel B2 of the Reference for and findings.	of the final exam, the students ss their views on the unit topics and art of the general language skills at Common European Framework of Languages by presenting their ideas		
	Communication: "Coping with infoglut"		Information overload	2,3,4,6	exchange their own exp certain topic and practic	grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own		grammar structures and solve pelling problems at the colloquium n part of the final exam. of the final exam, students use aples to explain how to use certain ructures.	3	
	135.	Review 2	Review 2 – Self evaluation	Self 1,2,4,5,6 The students listen to the lecture and prepare individually for the exam. Before the colloquium, students are asked to ask questions about content or grammar.				Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.		
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	TWO	RK								
3.1. Student obligations	require The stu particip passes Studen Studen a) by p	ed to attend classes and teaudent's acquired knowledge pation in teaching and their both exams, he/she is exert achievements: Students with 0 - 24.9 Students with 25 - 49. period; Students with more that can pass the final exampassing two colloquia and a	ch at least 50%; they are e is tested during the cour presentation of homewapted from the written pulm of ECTS credits - are 19% of ECTS credits - are 19% of ECTS credits - are 19% of ECTS credits in two ways: 19 to	also required arse content. Soork. Of partic art of the fina graded with a e graded FX (- students ha egular or extr	to write homework. Studen students are evaluated during ular importance for the final l exam and is obliged to take an F (unsuccessful) and canninsufficient) and must pass the teright to take the final	ts are required to g the teaching pr grade are the tw e the oral final en not earn ECTS on the written exam- exam.	o bring writing m rocess, with partic row written tests the xam.	ed attendance is at least 70%. Part-taterials (paper and pen/ballpoint perular attention being paid to the student the student takes during the semble-enrol the course in the next acade en exam can be held in a regular or	n) to the exercises. lent's active ester. If the student mic year;	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attend	ance	0,5	Wri	tten exam	1 (without coll	loquia)	Project		
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experi	mental work		Res	earch			Practical work		
for each activity so that the total number	Essay			Rep	ort			Continuous evaluation		
of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	1 (without written exa	m) Sen	ninar paper			(Homework for part-time students)	0,5	
the credit score of the course)	Active	participation	0,5	0,5 Ora		exam 1		(Other)		
3.3. Student workload	The v	workload of students	on all bases is 1 EC	TS credit p	oint (30 semester hour	rs) and is esting	mated as:			

	Oblig	ation					Hours (estin	mated)				
			d language exercises or exams through indi	vidual work			45 45					
4. GRADING SYSTEM	To. Tropan	ng comoquia	or commo uno ugu ma	Traum worm								
4.1. Grading seminar papers	-											
		Unsatisfa	actory		Satisfactory					Al	ove average	:
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples.				Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples.				evalua thorou logical concep that we	nowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and aluation. Observes the principles, accurately and proughly explains the content of the material, and gically connects and explains the terms and ncepts supported with examples. Finds solutions at were not originally given. Notes correlations the related material.		
	Active participation lectures and langu		70-74,9% of attendance		75-79,9% of attendance 80-		80-89	9% of at	tendance	90-100	% of attendance	
	exercises	age	2 poin	ts		5 points	S		10 poin	ts		20 points
40.77	Colloquia/Written exam		2			3			4			5
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements			50-64,9%		65-79,9%		%		80-89,9	%	90-100%	
			25 points		30 points		ts	35		35 points		40 points
	Oral exam		2		3				5			5
	Oral Caum		25 poir	nts	30 points		35 points		40 points			
4.4. Final grade according to		knowle	age of acquired dge, skills and es (teaching + final exam)		ical grade		ECTS grade					
absolute division		80	0 – 100% 0 – 89,9%	4 (vei	y good)		A B					
		65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9% 50 – 59,9%		2 (sati	3 (good) 2 (satisfactory) 2 (satisfactory)		C D E					
5. ADDITIONAL COURSE IN	FORMATION											
5.1. Compulsory literature				Title						Number of the lib		Availability via other media

(available in the library and via other media)	4. Trappe, T., & Tullis, G. (2005). <i>Intelligent Business Coursebook, Intermediate Business English</i> : Pearson Longman.	10	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Trappe, T., & Tullis, G. (2005). Intelligent Business Skills Book, Intermediate Business English: Pearson Longman. Trappe, T., & Tullis, G. (2005). Intelligent Business Workbookbook, Intermediate Business English: Pearson Longman. 		Availability via e- learning platform
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of student work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k classes and provided information on student progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided to increase	the efficiency of their
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and classroom activities. All notices of cla on the e-learning site of the course and the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at le explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @vus.hr) than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	east one hour per week), while	for short questions and

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABO	UT THE SUBJECT				
1.1. Title	Computer architecture	1.8. ISVU course code	201307, 202203 (PINF-9, PINF-9I)		
1.2. Lecturer	Marko Pavelić	1.9. MOZVAG course code			
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Milan Hrga, lecturer	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional undergraduate study Business Informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, (lectures recorded)		
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	0.		
1.6. Study year	1	1.13. Modernization	□ yes I no		
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	5	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%		

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
	This single semester course introduces students to the following:
	Basics of digital technology,
2.1. Course objectives	Main computer building blocks according to von Neumann Architecture
, and the second	Way how main computer components are built from combinational and sequential logical devices
	Influence of computer hardware architecture on the performance.

	 Hardware/Software interface How to applicate acquired knowledge in business praxis. 						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2. Required courses: Introduction to Computer Science						
	LO1. Analyze conditions, identify opportunities and foresee problems which organizations and individuals meet then using information technologies.						
	LO2. Evaluate and define steps in planning, decision making, operations and control then applying computer aided business and manufacturing.						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study program level	LO9. To individually and responsibly search and select relevant literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare papers and presentations for general and profess critically evaluate presented professional topics.	ional audience and					
	LO11. Select and coordinate activities for designing and maintaining of information system with client's business needs.						
	LO15. Compare and select suitable development tools from professional viewpoint.						
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 25. Recapture, 26. Understanding, 27. Application, 28. Analysis, 29. Evaluation, 30. Synthesis					
	1. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of course content by defining and describing basic topics in computer architecture	4,5					
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	2. Present working principles of digital computers and how are they constructed from basic logic gates.						
on the course level	3. Classify basic building blocks of modern computers according to von Neuman's model and analyze their role						
	4. Evaluate and recommend computer components: processor, memory, bus organization, input-output and storage units, which serve best for specified tasks						
	5. Judge role of operating system in computer functioning, establish conditions for its installation						
	6. Identify and argument potential causes of lack of performance or deadlock in computer functioning.	5,6 5,6					
	7. Critically asses influence of processor type and frequency, ISA, memory subsystem (complete hierarchy) on configurations performance for specific task.						
	8. Design configuration out of standard components and estimate its performance						
	9.						
	10.						

2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	Cons	Constructive alignment								
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed (hours)				
	136.	Introduction to digital logic – phisical characteristics	1,2,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	Checked by written test and oral exam: student can estimate influence of technology development on capabilities and performance of computers.	10				

137.	Classes of Computers	1,8	Listen to the lecture and read the	-"-: student can classify computers according to their	4
138.	Performance, definition, measurements	1,7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the	architecture and role they are expected to play -"-: student can critically asses performance of computers.	12
139.	Instruction Set Architecture (ISA), RISC-CISC	1,2,4,7,	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	-"- : student can critically asses influence of each component on hardware/software performance	10
140.	MIPS ISA, structure and formats, case study	1,2,4,7, 8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises. Working on simulator.	292	14
141.	Instructions and Addressing: data and branches	1,4,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises. Working on simulator.	."-	10
142.	Processor	1,4,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises. Working on simulator.	_"_	10
143.	Pipeline architecture	1,4,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	10
144.	Riscs	1,4,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"_	10
145.	Memory hierarchy	1,2,3,5, 6,7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	2"2	8
146.	Cache, performance	1,2,4,6, 7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"_	8
147.	Virtual memmory	1,2,4,6, 7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	2"2	8
148.	Storage units, RAID, SAN, NAS	1,2,4,5, 6,7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	10
149.	I/O Devices, Networks, Clustering	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	6
150.	Role of Operation Systems, Future Development	1,5,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture. Performing installation on VM	Checked during exercises and oral exam: student can select install operating system on configuration.	20
	138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148.	138. Performance, definition, measurements 139. Instruction Set Architecture (ISA), RISC-CISC 140. MIPS ISA, structure and formats, case study 141. Instructions and Addressing: data and branches 142. Processor 143. Pipeline architecture 144. Riscs 145. Memory hierarchy 146. Cache, performance 147. Virtual memmory 148. Storage units, RAID, SAN, NAS 149. I/O Devices, Networks, Clustering Role of Operation Systems, Future	138. Performance, definition , measurements 1,7,8 139. Instruction Set Architecture (ISA), RISC-CISC 1,2,4,7,8 140. MIPS ISA, structure and formats, case study 1,2,4,7,8 141. Instructions and Addressing: data and branches 1,4,6,7,8 142. Processor 1,4,6,7,8 143. Pipeline architecture 1,4,6,7,8 144. Riscs 1,2,3,5,6,7,8 145. Memory hierarchy 1,2,3,5,6,7,8 146. Cache, performance 1,2,4,6,7,8 147. Virtual memmory 1,2,4,6,7,8 148. Storage units, RAID, SAN, NAS 1,2,4,5,6,7,8 149. I/O Devices, Networks, Clustering 1,2,3,5,6,7 Role of Operation Systems, Future 1,5,6,7,	137. Classes of Computers 138. Performance, definition, measurements 139. Instruction Set Architecture (ISA), RISC-CISC 140. MIPS ISA, structure and formats, case study 141. Instructions and Addressing: data and branches 142. Processor 143. Pipeline architecture 144. Riscs 144. Riscs 145. Memory hierarchy 146. Cache, performance 147. Virtual memmory 148. Storage units, RAID, SAN, NAS 148. Storage units, RAID, SAN, NAS 149. I/O Devices, Networks, Clustering 140. Instruction set Architecture (ISA), RISC-Rister to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises. Working on simulator. 149. Iliterature. 140. Listen to the lecture + solving exercises. Working on simulator. 144. Listen to the lecture + solving exercises. Working on simulator. 145. Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises. 146. Cache, performance 147. Virtual memmory 148. Storage units, RAID, SAN, NAS 149. I/O Devices, Networks, Clustering 145. Role of Operation Systems, Future 145. Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises. 146. Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises. 147. Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises. 148. Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises. 149. Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises. 149. Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	138. Performance, definition, measurements 1,7,8 Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises. 139. Instruction Set Architecture (ISA), RISC- CISC 140. MIPS ISA, structure and formats, case study 1,2,4,7,

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK

In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures through physical presence or via on-line attendance.

3.1. Students` obligations

Students who have during the course:

- satisfied minimal attendance condition, may approach colloquium or written exam.
- past 50% score from all colloquium or from written exam (exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period) may approach final oral exam
- past both written and oral exams receive grade and all ECTS credits for that course

	Attendance	0.5	Written exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research		Practical work
for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written exam)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)
	Class activities	0.5	Oral exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 16. Attending classes 17. Preparation for the	n all bases amounts to 1 EC	TS point for 30 hours of	f work per semester and is e Hours (estimate) 60 30 60	estimated as:
4. GRADING					
4.1. Seminar paper grading					
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Po	oor	Satis	fying	Above average

	Does not know a	and does	not apply the basic ter	no deeper understanding. ot apply the basic terms yor explain the contents of apply the basic terms and the notions that substantiate by that it encaptures the terms and the notions that substantiate by that it encaptures the terms are the terms and the notions that substantiate by that it encaptures the terms are the terms and the notions that substantiate by the terms are the terms and the notions that substantiate by the terms are the terms and the notions that substantiate by the terms are the terms and the notions that substantiate by the terms are the terms and the notions that substantiate by the terms are the terms and the notions that substantiate by the terms are the terms are the terms and the notions that substantiate by the terms are t					ge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and a. It observes legitimacy, accurately and y explains the content of the subject, and inks and explains the terms and concepts apsulates. Find solutions that are not given. There is a correlation with e subjects.	
	Attendance and acti	ve	70-75% of attendance		76-86% of attendance 87-100		87-100	% of attendance	ce Ac	tivity in class
	participation in the l	essons	2 points	3	4	5 points	1	0 points	-	+10 points
4.3. Creating a final grade			2			3		4		5
according to evaluation	Colloquium / writte	en	50-64,99	%	6.	5-79,9%	8	0-89,9%		90-100%
elements			25 point	cs	3	0 points	3	35 points		40 points
	Oral exam		2		3		5			5
			25 points		30 points		35 points			40 points
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation	Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 88 - 100% 78 - 87.9% 62 - 77.9% 50 - 61,9%		5 (c 4 (v 3	erous grade ECTS grade excellent) A ery good) B (good) C ufficient) D						
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT	 ION ABOUT TH	E COU	0 – 49.9% J RSE		nsufficient)	F				
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title							Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
(available in the library and through other media)	2. S.Ribarić: Građa računala - arhitektura i organizacija računarskih sustava, Algebra, Zagreb 2011, ISBN 978-953-322-074-1								5	-
	D. Petterson, J.Hennessy: Computer Organisation and Deign, 4rd ed., Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.							1	Available On-line	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study	 D. Petterson, J.Hennessy: Computer Organisation and Deign, 4rd ed., Morgan Kaufmann, 2011. I.Englander: The Architecture of Computer Hardware, Systems Software & Networking, 4th ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2010 								1	e-learning - pdf

amended of study programme)

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the elearning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Title	Business information systems	1.8. ISVU course code	201315							
1.2. Lecturer	Frane Urem PhD prof	1.9. MOZVAG course code								
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)							
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	3rd – materials available On-line, 0%							
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.							
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	■ yes □ no							
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %							

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce the student to the concepts of business information systems
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	IU9 Select appropriate professional literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare and independently deliver presentations in Croatian and foreign languages to expert and general audiences, and critically evaluate the presented professional topics IU12. Apply key aspects of information technology (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technology) IU15. Compare and select appropriate development tools at expert level							
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 31. Recapture, 32. Understanding, 33. Application, 34. Analysis, 35. Evaluation, 36. Synthesis						
	1. Understand the concept of systems and the importance of a systematic approach to analysis and a business information system.	1,2						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	2. Identify system boundaries, external and internal stakeholders and relationships among them and understand the risks that arise.	2,3,4,5,6						
	3. Understand the role of key system components and is able to identify processes and define procedures within an information system to support them.	2,3,4,5,6						
	4. Identify security threats in the system and propose techniques for their removal.	2,3,4,5,6						
	5. Use the software tools available within the MS Office suite to collect and analyze data.	2,3,4,5,6						
	6. Implement and deploy the appropriate ready-made business applications.	2,3,4,5,6						
	7. Understand the concept of systems and the importance of a systematic approach to analysis and a business information system.	1,2						

	Constructive alignment								
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed			
2.5. Course content according to	151.	Introduction to the course and detailed curriculum.	-			2 hours			
detailed curriculum schedule	131.	Basic terms	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Understand the term business information system. Identify major groups of information systems.	8 hours			
	152.	Types of information systems and components	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the archive system. Identify archiving media. Identify the pros and cons of an individual archive medium. Explain the procedures for authenticating and authorizing access to business documentation. Protect digital content by encryption. Apply digital signature technology.	10 hours			

153.	Archiving and data protection	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the levels of business automation. Identify prerequisites for business automation. Identify the role of business policy and organizational procedures in business automation. Explain the importance of working conditions and ergonomics in business automation.	10 hours
154.	Business Automation	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify information resources in the business. Identify the types and value of information. Interpret ways of classifying, evaluating, processing, storing, exchanging and distributing data and information	10 hours
155.	Information resource management	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the term telecommunications and telecommunication system. Identify elements of the telecommunications system.	10 hours
156.	Business Information Systems Communication Infrastructure	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Development trends of telecommunication systems. To interpret the division of telecommunications according to the type of information, the division of telecommunication processes, the division according to forms of communication.	10 hours
157.	Key business applications	1,2,3,4,5	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Advanced use of MS Office suite of office applications.	10 hours
158.	Electronic business and trends	1,2,3,4,5	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the essential terms of e-commerce. Identify emerging trends in e-commerce. Use cloud services.	15 hours
159.	Information system development	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Explain stakeholder roles in information system development. Analyze the architecture of an existing information system. Identify the stages of information system development. Explain the methodology of waterfall development Explain the methodology of rapid application development Explain the methodology of information engineering Explain the methodology of the unified development process Expose the most famous agile methodologies and explain their features	15 hours
160.	Business information system and business management	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify layers of business information system. Model the business process as a transaction.	15 hours
161.	Business information system support for key business functions	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify key business functions. Use the business intelligence analysis and planning subsystem. Use the permanent business asset management information subsystem.	15 hours

	162.	Business informat business process r	•	3,4,5	,6	Listening to lectures, w		subsystem. Us	n resources management information the Accounting and Financial Information Subsystem.	on 15 hours
	163.	Business informat business process r	•	3,4,5	5,6	Listening to lectures, w		inbound logist	ement information system and ics. Use the production informatio e the sales and outbound logistics bsystem	n 15 hours
	164.	Strategic manager information system		3,4,5	,6	Listening to lectures, w		operational eff Formulate goa system. Analy business infor- measurements	nation systems as drivers of iciency and business innovation. Is for building an information ze the risks of implementing mation systems. Apply the concept and evaluation (audit) of the qualiformation systems	
	165.	Business informat electronic comme		3,4,5	,6	Listening to lectures, w		Analyze the co	any environment in e-commerce. onnectivity of the business stem with e-commerce activities.	15 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO)RK								
3.1. Students` obligations	Studer Studer	nts who have during the control of the state	es. All students must created sourse achieved: TS credits- is rated F (un CTS credits - is rated FX redits - students have	successfu (inadequ the right ys: a) dui	nt and posul) and car ate) and h t to access	nnot get ECTS credits an ass to come out and pass the final exam of the su course of teaching through	nd must re-enrol the test (exam). abject. th continuous mo	the subject in the A written exam on the nitoring of stude ions).	st 70% attendance. Part-time stude e next academic year; can be held in a regular or extraord ints (active participation in classes	linary exam period;
	Attend	lance	2		Written exam colloquiums to relieved of an		2 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an examination)	ne student is	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	imental work			Researc	eh			Practical work	1
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay				Report				Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Collog	juium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the stud- relieved of a written oral examination)	lent is	Semina	ır paper			Other (inscribe)	
	Class	activities			Oral ex	am	1 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an examination)	ne student is	Other (inscribe)	

3.3. Student workload	Commitment 19. Attending classes			•	f work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate)			
	20. Practical work 21. Preparation for th	e Colloquium / exam through se	lf-study	30 90				
4. GRADING								
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Element	Poor		Satisf	ying		Above average	
	P	oor	Satisfying				Above average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does and concepts. Cannot app of the course.	not apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty trans new knowledge, understands subject matter, expl the terms and the notions that substantiate examples.			evaluation. It o thoroughly exp logically links that it encapsul		
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons	4 points		7 points		10 points	3 points	
	Seminar paper	2		3	4		5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Schina paper	5 points		7 points		8 points	10 points	
ccording to evaluation		2		3		4	5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%	80-89,9%		90-100%	
		25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	
	Oral exam	2		3		5	5	
	Oral Chaili	25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	

4.4 Creating a final grade	Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)	Numerous grade	ECTS grade		
4.4. Creating a final grade	90 - 100%	5 (excellent)	A		
according to absolute allocation	80 – 89,9%	4 (very good)	В		
	65 – 79,9%	3 (good)	C		
	60 – 64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D		
	50 - 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	E		

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
through other media)	Ž.Panian, K.Čurko et al.: Poslovni informacijski sustavi, Element, 2010.	5					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Bidgoli H.: Management Information Systems6, 4LTR Press, Cengage Learning, 2016. J.O'Brien, G.Marakas: Menagement Information Systems, 7th ed., McGraw Hill, 2016.	3	Available online at e-learning system				
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or an pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will to days from the receipt of e-mail).	per week), while brief question	s and explanations can				

6. GENERAL INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Ana Perišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU	201321 202221				
1.2. Course title	Business statistics	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Business Informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1st, course materials are on-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2				
1.6. Year of study	2 nd	1.16. Modernization	Yes				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X□ More than 20 % □				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives		end, effectively understand and recognize fundamental statistical prowledge which enables students to develop and apply acquired know					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	d; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.					
LO 4: To collect, calculate and graphically display statistical data from the field of economics and business by using advanced software tools and further comment and analyze them. LO 5: To use planning, organizing, management and control methods on practical examples, analyze the problem and propose appropriate solutions to problem situations. LO 7: To interpret business and financial reports and propose solutions to improve financial performance and profitability. LO 10: To interpret, solve and / or graphically present solutions in the fields of maths, statistics and information technology and apply their methods and techniques in analyzing economic problems by using advanced software tools.							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes accroding to the	Level of LO: 1 - remembering, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis,					

						5-evalı 6-synth		
		To define and explain fundamental conce					1,2	
		To prepare tabular and graphical data repr					3,4	
		To calculate and to interpret measures of or perform correlation and regression and					3,4	
	33. T		3,4,5					
		34. To identify time series type 35. To calculate and to interpret values of dynamics indicators 36. To estimate the linear trend equation and to apply it for forecasting future values of the time series						
	37. T	To set the statistical hypothesis and to con	nduct the chi	square test.			6,3	
	Cons	tructive allignement	I					
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time	
	166.	Introduction into the course and detailed plan.	1	Attending lectures. Familiarize with course content, e-learning documents, literature and students' obligations.	Students define and explain fundamental of descriptive statistics through colloquia written/oral exams.		1 h 8h 16 h	
	167.	Fundamental statistical terms Grouping data and graphical data representation	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will prepare tabular and graphic representation of statistical data through or written/oral exams.		4h 8h	
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	168.	Measures of central tendency	1,3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will define and explain fundame concepts of descriptive statistics and calc to interpret measures of central tendency measures of dispersion through colloquia written/oral exams.	culate and and	4h 8h	
	169.	Measures of central tendency	1,3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will define and explain fundame concepts of descriptive statistics, calcular interpret measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion through colloquia written/oral exams.	te and d	4h 8h	
	170.	Measures of dispersion	1,3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will define and explain fundame concepts of descriptive statistics and calc interpret measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion through colloquia written/oral exams.	culate and	4h 8h	

171.	Standardized value. Outlies. Data distribution rules. Exam preparation	1,3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion. Exam preparation.	Students will define and explain fundamental concepts of descriptive statistics and calculate and interpret measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion through colloquia or written/oral exams.	6h 12h
172.	Time series	5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will identify time series type through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h
173.	Index numbers	6	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will calculate and interpret the values of dynamics indicators through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 10h
174.	Trend	7	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate the linear trend equation and apply it for forecasting future values of the time series through colloquia or written/oral exams.	6h 12h
175.	Correlation and regression	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will perform correlation and regression analysis, comment the results and draw a conclusion about the relationship between variables through colloquia or written/oral exams.	6h 12h
176.	Chi-square test	8	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will set the statistical hypothesis and conduct the chi square test through colloquia or written/oral exams.	6h 12h
177.	Final conclusions. Exam preparation		Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion. Exam preparation.		2h 6h

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students' obligations

In accordance with the Regulations on Studying and the Regulations on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students attendance of at least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend classes at least 50%. All students are required to carry calculator and formulae list. Students who have during the course achieved:

- from 0 24,9% ECTS credits- are rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot obtain ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic year;
- from 25 49,9% are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;
- more than 50% students have the right to take the final exam.

Students can take the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (written and oral part of the exam).

			1			_		
	Attendance	0,5	Written exam	3,5 (withou	t colloquia)	Project		
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter	Experimental work		Research			Practical work		
the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the	Essay		Report			Continuous examination	0,5	
credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3,5 (without written exam)	Seminar paper			Other		
	Class activity	0,5	Oral exam	1		Other		
3.3. Student workload	7. Attending	classes and exercises 60	credit is 30 hours in a seme) hours ugh individual work 120 ho		nated as:			
4. GRADING SYSTEM								
4.1. Grading seminar papers								
	Unsa	tisfactory	Satisfactory			Above average		
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam		s not know or apply cepts. Does not know lain the contents of the	difficulty imparts new understands the material, ex	Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples.		Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. Observes the principles, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the material, and logically connects and explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Finds solutions that were not originally given. Notes correlations with related material.		
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	to the oral exam, studid not pass at least students need to ach	udents need to achieve a t one colloquia (or retal	t least 50% on each colloque ken colloquia) need to take itten exam. The final grade	ium. Also, stud part in the writ	lents have a patten exam. In	possibility to retake on this case, in order to	nester). In order to have access the colloquium. Students who have access to the oral exam, as achieved through the written	
4.3. Final grade according to	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)		Numerical grade	ECTS gi	rade			
absolute division		90 – 100%	5 (excellent)	A				
accorate division	-	80 – 89,9% 65 – 79,9%	4 (very good) 3 (good)	B C				
	_							
		60 - 64,9%	2 (satisfactory)	D				

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFOR	RMATION						
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
(available in the library and via other media)	Dumičić, K. i suradnici (2011) Poslovna statistika. Zagreb: Element (odabrana poglavlja) Šošić I., Primijenjena statistika, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2004.	5 12					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Šošić I., Serdar V., Uvod u statistiku, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2002. Azcel A. Sounderpandian J., Complete Business Statistics, McGraw Hill, 2009. Čižmešija M., Kurnoga Živadinović N., Zbirka riješenih zadataka iz osnova statistike, Mirorad d.o.o., Zagreb, 2006 Patrick R. McMullen, Poslovna statistika za stručne studije [prijevod Devčić, K., Perišić, A.], Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2017 Teaching materials						
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through s for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students as well as the methods of work and the required literature.	Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student					
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions ar class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which we than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	the website of the Polyte ad explanations they can	chnic. Students can be contacted during				

7. GENERAL INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Ivan Livaja	1.8. Course code in ISVU	187581				
1.2. Course title	Protection and security of information systems	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate Professional Study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials ar	are on-line, 0%			
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	2				
1.6. Year of study	3 st	1.17.Modernization Yes					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements Less than 20% X More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
	To individually and responsibly search	rch relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croat	tian and foreign languag	ges			
2.1. Course objectives	To recognize and rank security threats, as well as to select and apply appropriate countermeasures to protect the information system						
		ntrol of: data flow, errors and fragmentation, data transfer multiplexing infigure and maintain active network devices	ig methods using routin	ig methods in	_		
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	ed; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.					
	LO2: to define and evaluate proces	ss of thinking, planning, decision making and management in terms o	of electronically support	ted business and produ	11		
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO3: to define and evaluate proces	ss of thinking, planning, decision making and management in terms o	of electronically support	ted business and produ	, ,		
study programme level	LO16: to valorize elevant factors th	hat affect organization's and individual's business and apply basic me	ethods and concepts of	planning, managemen	ï		
	LO17: to conclude what the basic p	principles and methods of good project management are and work such	ccessfully in a team		•		
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes accroding to the	the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)		Level of LO: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- application,			

						4-analy 5-evalu 6-synth	ation,	
	1		2, 4					
	2	2. Apply information system security pr					3	
	3	3. Describe the proposed security system	n solution				1, 4	
		4. Propose and argue proposals for the I	protection of	the information system			5, 6	
		5. Present the acquired knowledge, ideas, problems and solutions independently and in a team.						
		6. Use materials and tools to search scient	entific and pr	rofessional literature in native and	English languages		3	
	7	7. Identify and rank security threats and	select and ap	pply appropriate countermeasures	to protect the information system		3	
	Cons	tructive allignement						
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time	
	178.	Defining security issues, objectives, principles and security policy	1, 2, 5	Listen to lectures. Work independently on computer, get to know course content and elearning documents.	-		18 h	
	179.	Defining security issues, objectives, principles and security policy	1, 2, 3, 5	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or written / oral exam, they the foundations of analysis and risk	y define	10 h	
	180.	Access control and flow control; Mathematical models of security	2, 3	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, define the basic concepts of access control flows.		10 h	
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	181.	Basics of cryptography; The protocols, techniques and algorithms	7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, define the basic concepts of cryptography.		10 h	
	182.	The architecture of the security system – basic modules	3, 4, 5, 6,	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, define the basic concepts of security archit		10 h	
	183.	Methods of digital identification and authentification	3, 4, 5, 6,	Write the colloquium.	-		10 h	
	184. Security and protection of programs and operating systems		3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exa security and protection of programs and or systems		10 h	
	185.	Standards and criteria for evaluation of security and thrustworthiness of systems	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exa Standards and criteria for evaluation of sec thrustworthiness of systems		10 h	
	186.	Investment proposal and feasibility study	3, 4, 5, 6,	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exa Investment proposal and feasibility study	m define	10 h	

	187.	Security of computer networks and distributed systems	3, 4, 5, 6,	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define Security of computer networks and distributed systems	10 h			
	188.	Systems for the detection of security breach (IDS)	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define Systems for the detection of security breach (IDS)	11 h			
	189.	Managing and monitoring the security system (ISMS); Legal and Ethical Aspects of Security	3, 4, 5, 6,	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define anaging and monitoring the security system (ISMS); Legal and Ethical Aspects of Security	11 h			
	190.	Managing security incidents and business continuity	3, 4, 5, 6,	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define anaging security incidents and business continuity	10 h			
	191.	Defense and presentation of the seminar, recurrence of colloquia	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Write the colloquium.	-	10 h			
	192.	Defense and presentation of the seminar, recurrence of colloquia		Listen to lectures and read literature.	-	10 h			
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK									
	least 70	ordance with the Regulations on Studying 70%. Part-time students are required to attents who have during the course achieved:	tend classes a		nd Evaluation: for all full-time students attended to carry calculator and formulae list.	dance of at			

3.1. Students' obligations

- from 0 24,9% ECTS credits- are rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot obtain ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic year;
- from 25 49,9% are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;
- more than 50% students have the right to take the final exam.

Students cantake the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course ofteaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (writtenand oralpart of the exam).

3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)

	Attendance	0,5	Written exam	2,0 (without colloquia)	Project	
•	Experimental work		Research		Practical work	
	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	
	Colloquium	2,0 (without written exam)	Seminar paper	0,5	Other	
	Class activity		Oral exam	1,0	Other	

3.3. Student workload

Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as:

- 9. Attending classes and exercises 60 hours
- 10. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 60 hours

4. GRADING SYSTEM										
4.1. Grading seminar papers										
	Un	satisfacto	ry		Satisfactory			A	bove average	
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	understanding. Does not kn basic terms and concepts. I		basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the		Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples.		content of the material, and logically connects and e		hly explains the nd explains the nds solutions that	
	A -4:	1	70-74,9% of a	attendance	75-79,9% of	attendance	80-89,9% of att	endance	90-100% (of attendance
	Active course atte	endance	2 poir	nts	5 poi	nts	10 points	3	20	points
40.71	Colloquia/ Written exam Oral exam		2		3		4		5	
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements			50-64,	9%	65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%	
			25 poi	nts	30 points		35 points		40	points
			2		3		5	5		
			25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points	
42 Find and anything	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + fine exam)		edge, skills and	Nume	rical grade	ECTS	grade			
4.3. Final grade according to absolute division			0 – 100% 0 – 89,9%		cellent)	A B				
		65	5 – 79,9%	3 ((good)	C				
			0 – 64,9% 0 – 59,9%		isfactory) isfactory)	D E				
5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFOR	RMATION			,	<u>.</u>					
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via				Title					nber of copies in the library	Availability via other media
other media)	Bruce Schneier (Sons, Inc	Bruce Schneier (1996.), Applied Cryptography B. Schneier John Wiley & Sons 1996, John Wiley & Sons, Inc								

	BS ISO/IEC 17799:2005, BS 7799-1:2005 norma: information technology, security techniques, code of practice for information security management. BSI, UK. Charles P. Pfleger (1997.), Security in Computing, Prentice Hall						
	Teaching material and exercises						
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Harold F. Tipton, Micki Krause (2000.), Information Security Management Handbook, CRC Press LLC						
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher							

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT		
1.1. Title	Financial management	1.8. ISVU course code	141499
1.2. Lecturer	Jelena Žaja, mag.oec., lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code	
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional Undergraduate study of IT Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.
1.6. Study year	3 rd	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with basic concepts of modern financial management through lectures, classroom discussions, business cases and project task solving so that after completing the course each student knows how to approach basic financial management issues and where to look for additional information to solve complex issues that appear in practice in everyday business. To introduce students to the concept of corporate finance, its role in the company's business and to expand their basic knowledge in the field of:

	 time preferences of money; measurement of financial risk in function of capital cost; money markets and capital markets, flows of funds in business processes and the interdependence of property and liabilities management and we analysis of financial operations of business entities; elements of financial and investment planning; basis of financial efficiency of investment projects; financing securities transactions with a special focus on bonds and shares and assessing the justification for investing in financial instruments in market; financing business with own capital; fundamental laws of debt utilization, capital structure and dividend policy. 	
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions.	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO1. To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign languages LO2. To organize and lead team work, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team members. LO3. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages. LO6. To analyse and link basic concepts and apply content related to the area of economics, management, accounting, and finance. LO7. To interpret business and financial reports and propose solutions to improve financial performance and profitability.	
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 37. Recapture, 38. Understanding, 39. Application, 40. Analysis, 41. Evaluation, 42. Synthesis
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	 to define and categorize basic concepts and tasks of financial management, to measure the return and financial risk of the securities portfolio and analyse the relation between risk and return, to interpret the financial relations of the enterprise with the financial institutions and the financial market, to evaluate the impact of financial leverage and on the profitability of business entities, to prepare an analysis of financial statements on the example of a business entity by performing horizontal and vertical analysis and analysis by financial indicators, to apply methods of net present value, return period, internal rate of return, profitability index, and assess the eligibility of investment in a project, to propose the application of appropriate models and evaluate the value of equity and debt securities, use materials and tools to search scientific and professional literature in Croatian and in English, and present accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and solutions independently and in the team. 	1,4 3,4 4 4 6 3,5 6,5 3,6

	Cons	tructive alignment				
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan.	-	Listen to the lecture. In the exercise classes, by independent work on computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours
	193.	Introductory lecture - basic concepts and determinants of financial management.	1, 3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam define the basic concepts of financial management. They know how to list and explain basic financial activities, sources of company assets and tasks of financial function in the company. They can explain the role of the Financial Manager, goals of corporation, and agency problem.	8 hours
	194.	Financial environment.	1,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	Describe the basic characteristics of the financial market. At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know how to define and describe the basic securities that circulate in the money market.	6 hours
2.5. Course content according to	195.	Time value of money.	1,6	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	They know how to explain the concept of time value of money and identify the basic variables in calculations of time value of money	10 hours
detailed curriculum schedule	196.	The Valuation of Long-Term Securities	1, 2,7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	They can make distinction among valuation concepts. They know how to valuate long term securities (bond valuation, preferred stock valuation, common stock valuation).	8 hours
	197.	Risk and financial management. Balance as a source of financial information.	1, 2,3, 8	Listen to the lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate the yield and financial risk of the securities portfolio independently or in a team, and draw conclusions about the risk-return relationship.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the concepts of investment portfolio, financial risk and ways of managing risk. They know how to calculate the expected return, the standard deviation and the coefficient of variation for an individual security or a portfolio of securities and to evaluate the risk of investing on the basis of the relationship between risk and return. They know how to interpret the relationship between security yields and market returns. They know how to explain the concept of a balance sheet, its properties and indicate users of financial information.	8 hours
	198.	Financial reports.	1, 3, 8	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can state the types of basic financial statements and explain their basic components. Know what can all be a source of cash in a business.	8 hours
	199.	Objectives, purpose and methods of analysis of financial reports.	1, 3, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the term financial analysis and specify and explain the methods of analysis of financial	12 hours

				perform horizontal and vertical analysis of financial statements on the example of a business entity's financial statements. They research the content of this thematic area and make a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	statements. They know how to explain horizontal and vertical analysis procedures and apply them to financial statement analysis. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	
20	200.	Indicators of financial analysis, examples and interpretations.	1, 5, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate financial indicators and interpret the obtained results independently on a computer based on the financial statement of a business entity. They research the content of this thematic area and make a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the types / groups of financial indicators and apply them in the analysis of financial statements (in the exam and in the preparation of the project assignment). They know how to sketch and interpret Du Pont's indicator system and explain synthetic indicators. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	14 hours
20	201.	Rules and principles of financing, liquidity and solvency.	1, 5, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they calculate financial indicators and interpret the obtained results based on the financial statements of a business entity.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the basic principles and rules of financing. They know how to explain the difference between the concepts of liquidity and solvency, explain the term financial leverage and judge when it is opportune to use it. They are able to identify internal and external causes of insolvency and propose measures to improve the solvency of companies. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	10 hours
20	202.	Short-term asset management.	1, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate the value of working capital needed in the company.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the notion of working capital, permanent working capital, circular movement of working capital, factors on which the amount of working capital depends, management of working capital, inventory management and receivables management. They know how to analyze the structure of working capital and recommend the optimal size and structure of working capital in a particular company.	8 hours
20	203.	Financial planning and methods of assessing the profitability of capital investments.	1, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they apply the methods of capital investment	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the term financial planning, cash control instruments. They know how to define the term investment and classify investments, identify the common characteristics of all investment	14 hours

			assessment on an example of a financial statement of a business entity and interpret the results obtained. They research the content of this thematic area and develop a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	projects and explain why the sensitivity analysis of an investment project is done. They know how to explain commonly used methods of evaluating investment projects, apply them on an example, and make a decision on the profitability of investing in a particular project. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	
204.	Financial insurance and short term financing.	1, 3, 5, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can state the types and forms of financing of the company according to the availability of sources, identify differences between credit and equity financing. They know how to explain the four methods and techniques of short-term bank lending, the relative advantages and disadvantages of bank loans, and the factors that determine the amount of trade credit from the point of view of the debtor and creditor.	8 hours
205.	Mid-term and long-term financing - concepts and practical application.	1, 3, 5, 8	They listen to lectures and read literature, handle case studies.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the characteristics of medium and long-term credit. They can explain what leasing financing is (the concept and types of leasing, the advantages and disadvantages of leasing financing); identify differences between operating and financial leasing and recommend when to use what type of leasing.	8 hours
206.	Equity financing.	1, 5, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can determine the structure of the financial capital of a joint stock company, they can indicate own and external sources of equity of a joint stock company and explain the way of financing a business with own funds. They know how to explain the notion of nonnominal and nominal capital of a joint stock company, and evaluate the benefits of financing with own capital.	8 hours
207.	Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam.				48 hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK

3.1. Students' obligations

In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper.

Students who have during the course achieved:

- From 0 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year;
- From 25 49,9% ECTS credits is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;

	• More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, making and presenting the project and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, creating and presenting the project) and passing the exam (written and oral exam).									
	Attendance	1	Written exam	2,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project	0,5				
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work					
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination					
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	4,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)					
	Class activities		Oral exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)					
	The student's workload o	on all bases amounts to 1 E0	CTS point for 30 hours o	f work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate)						
3.3. Student workload	22. Attending classes 23. Creating and Proje	ect e Colloquium / exam through self-	-study	75 15 90						
4 CRADING										

4. GRADING

4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Element	Poor	Satisfying	Above average
	Organization	The paper is not organized in a logical order and its structure is lacking.	The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another
r r gg	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low harmonized with official terminology. Writing style is not appropriate, sentences are too long, modest vocabulary, and frequent and repeated grammatical mistakes.	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.

	Quoting and refe	erencing	Sources are not spreferences do not a superficial appr	match the top	ic and show	Sources are listed, bu errors. The references the subject and show attitude.	are appropri	ate for research	consistent. Their list is '	accurate, complete and The references are appropriate, 'rich" and comprehensive and oust research approach.	
		Po	or			Satisfying			Al	oove average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.			rms new the	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.				thoroughly explains the content of the subject, a		
	Active participation in the lessons		70-75% of attendance		76-86% of attendance 87-		87-10	87-100% of attendance		Solved case study.	
			2 points			4 points		7 points		3 points	
	D		2		3			4		5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Project		5 points		7 points			8 points		10 points	
according to evaluation			2		3		4			5	
elements	Colloquium / writte	en	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%			90-100%	
	CAULI		25 points		30 points		35 points			40 points	
	0.1		2			3	3			5	
	Oral exam		25 point	ts		30 points		35 points		40 points	
4.4. Creating a final grade	k		exam)		us grade	ECTS grade					
according to absolute allocation			90 – 100% 80 – 89,9%		ellent) / good)	A B					
		6	65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9%	3 (g	ood)	С					
		5			ficient)	D E					

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE										
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media							
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	1. Brealley, R., Myers, S., Marcus, A. (2011). *Principles of Corporate Finance*. McGraw Hill, New York.		On line							
through other media)	2. Van Horne, J. C., Wachowicz, J.M. (2009). *Fundamentals of Financial Management*. Prentice Hall		On line							
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or										
amended of study programme)										
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.									
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	Alumni association. It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).									

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Title	Business organization	1.8. ISVU course code							
1.2. Lecturer	Ana Vukičević, Ph.D.	1.9. MOZVAG course code							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+0+15+0)						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.						
1.6. Study year	3	1.13. Modernization	■ yes □ no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %						

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with organizations theories and organizations structures and types of leadership styles.

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO5: To use planning, organizing, management and control methods on practical examples, analyze the problem and propose approblem situations LO11: To analyze new roles of organizations, systems, processes, products and services and quality standards in companies and pronew trends in companies and organizations LO13: To understand specific human resource management processes and propose a proper value system in judgment process and achievements and performances	opose valorization of
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 19. analyze new roles of organizations 20. critically analyze organizations theories and identify modern organization structures 21. comment problematic of different organizations' structures and to recommend leadership styles 22. analyze and to grade satisfactions and employees' values. 23. 24. 25. 26.	LO Level: 43. Recapture, 44. Understanding, 45. Application, 46. Analysis, 47. Evaluation, 48. Synthesis 1,2 5,2 4,5 6
	27. 28.	

	Constructive alignment									
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
	208.	Introduction to course	-,	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours				
		Organization theories	1,6	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students define main organization theories and define their representatives.	4 hours				
	209.	Organization behavior	1, 6,	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can name and distinguish organization behaviour	4 hours				
	210.	Perception and individual decision making	1,2,3,4,5,6,	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the perception of an individual inside the organization and define the process of decision making.	4 hours				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	211.	Group behavior	1, 5,6,	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define group behaviour and name the specifics of an formal and informal group Solved case study.	10 hours				
	212.	Team work	1, 3,5,6	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe team work as a part of decision making and problem solving technique in organization. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	10 hours				
	213.	Motivation	1, 3, 5, 6,	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe different types of motivation. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	8 hours				

			own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.		
214.	Communication	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe communicational channels in organization. Seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
215.	Leadership theories	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe each leadership theories and define leadership styles. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	4 hours
216.	Organization structures	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe different modern and traditional organization structures Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	6 hours
217.	Organization changes	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe organizational changes and choose between mechanisms to solve changes.	8 hours

				At the seminar, students solve the case study.	Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	
	218.	Values and job satisfaction	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar, students solve the case study.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe how individuals measure and value job satisfaction. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	8 hours
	219.	Personalities and values	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the values and external and internal factors of an individual in organization. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	6 hours
	220.	Business politics	2,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the politics and power within the organization. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	6 hours
	221.	Organization culture	2,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe different organization cultures. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	8 hours
	222.	Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam.		Listen to the lecture and individual preparation for the exam.		20 hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK						
3.1. Students` obligations	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, , solving case studies, making and presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons,, solving case studies, creating and presenting the seminar paper) and passing the exam (written and oral exam).						
	Attendance		Written exam	(by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project		
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research	0,5	Practical work		
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination		
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper	0,5	Other (inscribe)		
	Class activities		Oral exam	1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point for 30 hours Commitment 25. Attending classes 26. Creating and Presenting seminar paper 27. Preparation for the Colloquium / exam through self-study			of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 20 40 50			
4 CDADING							

4. GRADING

4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Element	Poor		Satisfying			Above average	
	Organization	The paper is not organized in a logical order and its structure is lacking.		The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		clear distinc n, the main p sion. that are	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another	
	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low harmonized with official terminology. Writing style is not appropriate, sentences are too long, modest vocabulary, and frequent and repeated grammatical mistakes.		Words and phrases are aligned with terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is the vocabulary is appropriate and has grammatical errors.		their meaning. The writing style is		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified at all. The references do not match the topic and show a superficial approach to the research topic.		Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		te for consist research their li	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Po	oor		Satisfying		Above average		
	Give answer by memory, r Does not know and does not and concepts. Cannot apply of the course.	ot apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			evaluation. It ob thoroughly expla logically links at that it encapsular originally given.	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and ogically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.	
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	5% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.	
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation elements	lessons	2 points		4 points 7 p		7 points	3 points	
	Gin an area	2		3 4		4	5	
	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 points	10 points	
		2		3		4	5	
	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%	
		25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	
	Oral exam	2		3		5	5	
	Oral exam	25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation		ntage of adopted Numerous grade ledge, skills and		ECTS grade				

	competences (teaching + final			
	exam)			
	90 – 100%	5 (excellent)	A	
	80 – 89,9%	4 (very good)	В	
	65 – 79,9%	3 (good)	C	
	60 - 64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D	
	50 – 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	E	

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

working days from the receipt of e-mail).

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media			
(available in the library and through other media)	4. 1. Robbins, S.P. i Judge, T.A.: Organizacijsko ponašanje, Mate, 2009	3	-			
	2. Sikavica, P., Novak, M.: Modeliranje organizacijske strukture poduzeća, Informator, Zagreb.	3	-			
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	1. Sikavica, P., Novak, M., Poslovno odlučivanje, Informator, Zagreb, 1999.	2	-			
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.					
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one is can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) the	hour per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations			